

REPUBLIC OF KENYA

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

JUNIOR SECONDARY SCHOOL CURRICULUM DESIGN

GRADE 7

PHYSICAL EDUCATION AND SPORTS



KENYA INSTITUTE OF CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT 2021

First Published in 2021

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FOREWORD

Curriculum is a tool which a country employs to empower its citizens. The Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development in meeting its core mandate 'to develop curriculum and curriculum support materials' has spearheaded curriculum reforms in the education sector. The reforms are based on rigorous research, monitoring and evaluation activities conducted on the 8-4-4 system of education to inform the Competency-Based Curriculum through a phase-in phase-out model. The reforms were informed by the Summative Evaluation Survey (2009), Needs Assessment Study (2016) and the Task Force Report on Re-alignment of Education Sector (2012), 21st century learning and approaches, the East Africa Protocol on harmonisation of education, among many others.

The curriculum reforms aim at meeting the needs of the Kenyan society by aligning the curriculum to the Constitution of Kenya 2010, the Kenya Vision 2030 and the East African Protocol, among other policy requirements as documented by the Sessional Paper No. 1 of 2019 on 'Reforming Education and Training for Sustainable Development in Kenya'. The reforms adopted the Competency-Based Curriculum (CBC) to achieve development of requisite knowledge, skills, values and attitudes that will drive the country's future generations as documented by the Basic Education Curriculum Framework (BECF). Towards achieving the mission of the Basic Education, the Ministry of Education has successfully and progressively rolled out curriculum implementation for Early Years Education, Grades 4 and 5. The roll out for Grade 6 and Junior Secondary (Grade 7-9) will subsequently follow.

It is my hope that the curriculum designs for Grade 7 will guide the teachers, among other educational stakeholders, for progressive achievement of the curriculum vision which seeks to have engaged, empowered and ethical citizens.

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PREFACE

The Government of Kenya embarked on the national implementation of the Competency Based Curriculum in January, 2019 for Early Years Education (Pre-Primary 1 and 2, and Lower Primary Grade 1, 2 and 3). The implementation progressed to Upper Primary (Grade 4, 5 and 6) based on the reorganization of the Basic Education structure. Grade 7 curriculum furthers implementation of the Competency-Based curriculum to Junior Secondary education level. This level marks the zenith of Middle School education whose main feature is to offer a broad opportunity for the learner to explore talents, interests and abilities before selection of pathways and tracks in Senior Secondary education level.

The Grade 7 curriculum designs for the respective learning areas will enable the development of twenty first century competencies. Ultimately, this will lead to the realization of the vision and mission of the Competency-Based curriculum as documented in the Basic Education Curriculum Framework (KICD, 2017).

It is my hope that all government agencies among other stakeholders in education will use the designs to guide effective and efficient implementation of the learning activities as well as provide relevant feedback on various aspects of the curriculum. Successful implementation of the Grade 7 curriculum will be a significant milestone towards realization of the curriculum mission 'Nurturing Every Learner's Potential'.

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development (KICD) Act Number 4 of 2013 (Revised 2019) mandates the Institute to develop curricula and curriculum support materials for basic and tertiary education and training, below the university. The curriculum development process for any level involves thorough research, international benchmarking, and robust stakeholder engagement. Through this systematic and consultative process, KICD conceptualised the Competency Based Curriculum (CBC) as captured in the Basic Education Curriculum Framework (BECF). The CBC responds to the demands of the 21st Century and the aspirations captured in the Constitution of Kenya 2010, Kenya Vision 2030, East African Commission Protocol and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals.

The Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development has developed the Grade 7 curriculum designs taking cognisance of the tenets of the CBC, key among them being the need to ensure that learners are provided with learning experiences that call for higher order thinking, thereby ensuring they become engaged, empowered and ethical citizens as articulated in the BECF Vision. The Grade 7 designs also provide opportunities for learners to develop the core competencies as well as engage in Community Service Learning. The designs present assessment rubrics linked to sub strands in the individual subjects. Teachers are encouraged to use varied assessment tools when assessing learners.

KICD obtains its funding from the Government of Kenya to enable the achievement of its mandate and implementation of the Government and Sector (Ministry of Education (MoE) plans. The Institute also receives support from development partners targeting specific programmes. The Grade 7 curriculum designs have been developed with the support of the World Bank through the Kenya Secondary Education Quality Improvement Program (SEQIP) commissioned by the MoE. The Institute is grateful for the support accorded to the process by the Government of Kenya, through the MoE and the development partners for the policy, resource, and logistical support.

I acknowledge the KICD curriculum developers and other staff, teachers and all the educators who participated, as panelists, in the development of the designs. I also appreciate the contribution of the Semi-Autonomous Government

Agencies (SAGAs) and representatives of various stakeholders for their various roles in the development of the Grade 7 curriculum designs.

My special thanks to the Cabinet Secretary, Ministry of Education; the Principal Secretary State Department of Early Learning and Basic Education; the Secretary, Teachers' Service Commission (TSC) and the Chief Executive Officer, Kenya National Examinations Council (KNEC) for their support in the process. Finally, I am grateful to the KICD Governing Council for their consistent guidance during the development of the curriculum designs. The Institute assures all curriculum implementers, parents, and other stakeholders that the designs will ensure effective implementation of the CBC at Grade 7.

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TIME ALLOCATION

	Subject	Number of Lessons Per Week
		(40 minutes per lesson)
1.	English	5
2.	Kiswahili/KSL	4
3.	Mathematics	5
4.	Integrated Science	4
5.	Health Education	2
6.	Pre-Technical and Pre-Career Education	5
7.	Social Studies	3
8.	Religious Education (CRE/IRE/HRE)	2
9.	Business Studies	3
10.	Agriculture	3
11.	Life Skills Education	1
12.	Physical Education and Sports	2
13.	Optional Subject	3
14.	Optional Subject	3
	Total	45

NATIONAL GOALS OF EDUCATION

Education in Kenya should:

i) Foster nationalism and patriotism and promote national unity.

Kenya's people belong to different communities, races and religions, but these differences need not divide them. They must be able to live and interact as Kenyans. It is a paramount duty of education to help young people acquire this sense of nationhood by removing conflicts and promoting positive attitudes of mutual respect which enable them to live together in harmony and foster patriotism in order to make a positive contribution to the life of the nation.

ii) Promote the social, economic, technological and industrial needs for national development.

Education should prepare the youth of the country to play an effective and productive role in the life of the nation.

a) Social Needs

Education in Kenya must prepare children for changes in attitudes and relationships which are necessary for the smooth progress of a rapidly developing modern economy. There is bound to be a silent social revolution following in the wake of rapid modernization. Education should assist our youth to adapt to this change.

b) Economic Needs

Education in Kenya should produce citizens with the skills, knowledge, expertise and personal qualities that are required to support a growing economy. Kenya is building up a modern and independent economy which is in need of an adequate and relevant domestic workforce.

c) Technological and Industrial Needs

Education in Kenya should provide learners with the necessary skills and attitudes for industrial development. Kenya recognizes the rapid industrial and technological changes taking place, especially in the developed world. We can only be part of this development if our education system is deliberately focused on the knowledge, skills and attitudes that will prepare our young people for these changing global trends.

iii) Promote individual development and self-fulfillment

Education should provide opportunities for the fullest development of individual talents and personality. It should help children to develop their potential interests and abilities. A vital aspect of individual development is the building of character.

iv) Promote sound moral and religious values.

Education should provide for the development of knowledge, skills and attitudes that will enhance the acquisition of sound moral values and help children to grow up into self-disciplined, self-reliant and integrated citizens.

v) Promote social equality and responsibility.

Education should promote social equality and foster a sense of social responsibility within an education system which provides equal educational opportunities for all. It should give all children varied and challenging opportunities for collective activities and corporate social service irrespective of gender, ability or geographical environment.

vi) Promote respect for and development of Kenya's rich and varied cultures.

Education should instill in the youth of Kenya an understanding of past and present cultures and their valid place in contemporary society. Children should be able to blend the best of traditional values with the changing requirements that must follow rapid development in order to build a stable and modern society.

vii) Promote international consciousness and foster positive attitudes towards other nations.

Kenya is part of the international community. It is part of the complicated and interdependent network of peoples and nations. Education should therefore lead the youth of the country to accept membership of this international community with all the obligations and responsibilities, rights and benefits that this membership entails.

viii. Promote positive attitudes towards good health and environmental protection.

Education should inculcate in young people the value of good health in order for them to avoid indulging in activities that will lead to physical or mental ill health. It should foster positive attitudes towards environmental development and conservation. It should lead the youth of Kenya to appreciate the need for a healthy environment.

LEARNING OUTCOMES FOR MIDDLE SCHOOL

By the end of Middle School, the learner should be able to:

- 1. Apply literacy, numeracy and logical thinking skills for appropriate self-expression.
- 2. Communicate effectively, verbally and non-verbally, in diverse contexts.
- 3. Demonstrate social skills, spiritual and moral values for peaceful co-existence.
- 4. Explore, manipulate, manage and conserve the environment effectively for learning and sustainable development.
- 5. Practise relevant hygiene, sanitation and nutrition skills to promote health.
- 6. Demonstrate ethical behaviour and exhibit good citizenship as a civic responsibility.
- 7. Appreciate the country's rich and diverse cultural heritage for harmonious co-existence.
- 8. Manage pertinent and contemporary issues in society effectively.
- 9. Apply digital literacy skills for communication and learning.

ESSENCE STATEMENT

Physical Education (PE) is the learning and development of fundamental movement skills and ability to use them safely for active and healthy lifestyles. **Sports** is any activity that involves physical exertion and skills where an individual participates for recreation or reward. The inclusion of PE and Sports in the curriculum ensures promotion of sports and sports education (The Constitution of Kenya 2010- 4th Schedule). This subject combines both aspects where, PE builds a foundation for identification of sporting talent, which can later be developed and nurtured in the schools' informal curriculum set-up during games and sports.

Participation in sports encourages the learner to relate positively and engage in movement experiences that promote and support the development of social skills such as values, attitudes and wellbeing. Physical Education and Sports incorporates the experiences and skills gained in upper primary and also introduces new knowledge and skills such as evaluation of the fitness components developed during learning. It also exposes learners to multiple skills in a variety of

games to lay foundation for the Sports pathway in senior school. It fosters competencies and life skills that enable the learner to understand the significance that sport plays in promoting a fair and just society. This is strongly supported by the social constructivist theory of Vygotsky that highlights the fundamental role of social interaction in learning.

SUBJECT GENERAL LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of Junior Secondary School, the learner should be able to:

- 1. exhibit positive intrapersonal and interpersonal skills of communication during play
- 2. perform skills that promote physical fitness and hygiene for a healthy lifestyle
- 3. explore natural abilities in sports to nurture talent for personal development.
- 4. manage economic resources acquired from use of talents and financial rewards
- 5. demonstrate patriotism and nationalism through participation in sports and games
- 6. develop skills in sports using technology for enjoyment, perfection and digital citizenship.
- 7. conserve resources in the economic and physical environment for sustainability.
- 8. apply pertinent and contemporary issues during games and sports.
- 9. apply rules and regulations in physical education and sports ethically, for harmonious civic coexistence.
- 10. appreciate kenyan culture by participation in games and sports in the community

STRAND 1.0: GAMES

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
1.0 Games	1.1 Chest pass in Netball (2 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) explain the execution of chest pass in Netball b) perform appropriate grip, release and follow through for chest pass in Netball c) execute the chest pass for skill acquisition d) appreciate team work in execution of chest pass during collaborative play	 The learner is guided to: share the correct way of passing the ball using chest pass demonstrate grip, release and follow through in chest pass use drills to practise passing the ball using the chest pass practise chest pass drills while in motion play a mini netball game while applying the chest pass skill 	1. Why is a chest pass used in a Netball game?
	1.2 Dodging and Marking in Netball (2 Lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) establish the basic stance and body movements for dodging and marking in Netball b) perform stance, dodging and marking in Netball for	 The learner is guided to: observe a video clip of Netball game for analysis of dodging and marking skills demonstrate stance, dodging and marking in Netball 	 What is the importance of basic stance, dodging and marking skills in Netball? When is the skill of dodging

	skill acquisition c) creatively apply dodging and marking in Netball for skill mastery d) critically rate each other's performance during execution of dodging and marking e) appreciate the application of dodging and marking for coordination and enjoyment	 use drills to practise the dodging and marking movements with and without a ball use drills to practise the single and double body feigns in Netball and give each other feedback play mini netball game and apply the skills of dodging and marking for enjoyment 	and marking applied in Netball?
1.3 Footwork in Netball (2 Lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) distinguish the different types of landing in Netball b) perform landing and pivoting in Netball for skill mastery c) critically apply landing and pivoting skills in a mini game d) embrace landing and pivoting when playing a mini game	 The learner is guided to: demonstrate the single, double landing and pivoting and share feedback use drills to practise single, double landing and pivoting observe the demonstration of the options of landing and pivoting with turning and share feedback practise the options of landing and pivoting through drills play a mini netball game 	 What footwork options does a player have after landing with a ball in a game of Netball? When does a player combine landing and pivoting skills in Netball?

	and apply the options of	
	landing and pivoting.	

Core Competencies to be developed:

- Communication & collaboration: enhance active listening, non-verbal communication and appropriate questioning during sports and play, appreciating others opinions, participating in team play/games
- Creativity & Imagination: learners execute and apply skills during sports and play, promoting group activities for solving of similar and different tasks during sport and play
- Self-efficacy: Confidence in taking new challenges and performing a skill or task
- Critical thinking and problem solving: making decisions during play, strategies and tactics, as learners reason clearly and rationally about what to do when to execute a skill in the lesson or game.
- Digital literacy: learners manipulate and interact with digital devices.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs)

- Healthy life style: appreciate sports for wellness and participate in physical activities for fitness
- Self-awareness, self-esteem and interpersonal relationships during play
- Safety and security: learn how to work and play together

Values:

- Respect: appreciating rules, self and others during play
- Responsibility: responsible use of equipment, cleanliness in the play, environment
- Social justice: fair play, observing rules and regulation during play
- Unity: joining together in teamwork during lessons
- Integrity: playing and speaking honestly during play

Link to other subjects

- Health Education: learners engage in physical activity; maintain personal hygiene
- Languages: communicate throughout learning of different skills
- Mathematics: learners learn pivoting and compass movement and counting steps as they land and shoot

• Computer studies: learner manipulates and interacts with digital devices

Assessment Rubric for Netball					
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations	
Ability to demonstrate knowledge of skill learnt	Excellently explains the chest pass skill	Correctly explains the chest pass skill	Fairly explains the chest pass skill	Hardly explains the chest pass skill	
Ability to grip ball, release and follow through during chest pass in Netball	Proficiently and correctly grips ball, releases and follows through during chest pass in Netball	Correctly grips ball, releases and follows through during chest pass in Netball	Fairly grips the ball, releases and follows through during chest pass in Netball	Needs assistance to grip ball, release and follow through during chest pass in Netball	
Ability to execute the chest pass skill in Netball	Consistently and correctly executes the chest pass skill in Netball	Correctly executes the chest pass skill in Netball	Fairly executes the chest pass skill in Netball	Needs help to execute the chest pass skill in Netball	
Ability to demonstrate knowledge of dodging and marking in Netball	Excellently explains dodging and marking in Netball	Correctly explains dodging and marking in Netball	Fairly explains dodging and marking in Netball	Needs assistance to explain dodging and marking in Netball	
Ability to perform stance for dodging and marking in	Consistently and correctly performs stance for dodging and	Correctly performs stance for dodging and marking in	Fairly performs stance for dodging and marking in	Requires assistance in performing stance for dodging and marking in	

Netball	marking in Netball	Netball	Netball	Netball
Ability to creatively apply dodging and marking in Netball	Aptly and correctly applies the skill of dodging and marking in Netball mini games with excellence	Correctly applies the skill of dodging and marking in Netball mini game	Fairly applies the skill of dodging and marking in Netball mini game	Needs help in applying the skill of dodging and marking in Netball mini game
Ability to critically rate each other's performance during execution of dodging and marking in Netball	Consistently and critically rates other's performance during execution of dodging and marking in Netball	Correctly and critically rates other's performance during execution of dodging and marking in Netball	Fairly rates other's performance during execution of dodging and marking in Netball	Needs assistance in rating other's performance during execution of dodging and marking in Netball
Ability to demonstrate knowledge of different types of landing in Netball	Proficiently distinguishes the different types of landing in Netball	Correctly distinguishes the different types of landing in Netball	Fairly distinguishes the different types of landing in Netball	Requires assistance to distinguish the different types of landing in Netball
Ability to perform landing and pivoting techniques in Netball	Consistently and correctly performs landing and pivoting technique in Netball	Correctly performs landing and pivoting technique in Netball	Fairly performs landing and pivoting technique in Netball	Needs help to perform landing and pivoting technique in Netball
Ability to critically apply landing and pivoting skills in a mini game	Consistently and critically applies landing and pivoting skills in a Netball mini game	Correctly and critically applies landing and pivoting skills in a Netball mini game	Fairly applies landing and pivoting skills in a Netball mini game	Needs assistance to apply landing and pivoting skills in a Netball mini game

Ability to develop	Consistently displays	Displays	Displays some	Rarely displays
values and observe	exemplary	sportsmanship,	sportsmanship	sportsmanship
safety in playing mini	sportsmanship,	competencies and	behaviour/values	behaviour/values; and
games	competencies and	observes safety	and occasionally	hardly observes safety
	observes safety during	during performance.	adheres to safety	during performance.
	performance		precautions	

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry
			Experience	Questions
1.0 Games	1.4 Passes and reception in Handball (3 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) differentiate the passing skills in Handball b) utilize the jump, side and flick passes in Handball c) tactically apply different passes in Handball for fun and enjoyment d) appreciate team effort while executing passes in Handball and observe safety	 The learner is guided to: demonstrate the jump, side and flick passes in Handball during play use drills to practise passing the ball using jump, side and flick passes in Handball use the jump, side and flick passes in a mini Handball game while observing fair play 	1. When does a player utilize the different passing skills in a Handball game?
		By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to:	The learner is guided to: • observe recorded video clips on Handball game to	1. What footwork options does a player have after landing

(2 lessons)	 a) describe the progression of landing and making steps in handball; b) perform landing and stepping for skill development c) combine the landing and stepping in Handball d) appreciate landing and stepping skills for safety and enjoyment 	appreciate the execution of landing and stepping Handball skills • demonstrate the options of landing and stepping and share feedback • use drills to practise the options of landing and stepping in Handball • apply the options of landing and making steps in a mini Handball	with a ball in a Handball game? 2. What is the importance of landing and making steps in Handball?
1.6 Dodging and marking in Handball	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) establish the basic stance and	The learner is guided to:demonstrate basic stance and body movements for	1. Which basic stance and body movements are
(2 Lessons)	body movements for dodging and marking in Handball b) perform a combination of the basic stance using single and	 dodging and marking and share feedback use drills to practise the basic stance and 	used for dodging and marking in a Handball game? 2. What is the role
	double feigns c) critically rate each other's performance during execution of dodging and marking skills in Handball	 movements for dodging and marking in Handball practise the basic stance and movements for feigning with object 	of dodging and marking in a Handball game?
	d) appreciate the application of stance, single and double	play a mini Handball game and apply the basic body	

	feigning for coordination and enjoyment	movements in dodging and marking	
1.7 Dribbling in Handball (2 Lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) distinguish between low and high dribbling techniques in Handball b) create movement patterns using the low and high dribble techniques in Handball	The learner is guided to: • watch a video clip on low and high dribble in Handball • demonstrate the low and high dribble techniques in Handball • use drills to practise low	1. When is it appropriate to apply the low or high dribbling skills in a game of Handball?
	 c) combine the high and low dribbling techniques in a minor Handball game d) appreciate own and others' efforts during play of Handball for self-efficacy 	 and high dribble in Handball play a mini Handball game and apply the dribbling techniques in Handball 	
1.8 Shooting in Handball (3 Lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) distinguish the shots used in Handball b) execute the running jump	 The learner is guided to: watch and critically analyse a video clip that highlights the features of a 	Which situation is best suited for the application of the different
	 b) execute the running, jump, dive, lob and falling shots in Handball for skill development c) apply relevant shots interchangeably in a minor 	running shot, jump shot, dive shot, falling shot and lob shot and share feedback practise different shots interchangeably in single	shots in Handball?

game while observing sportsmanship behavior d) embrace safe execution of different shots in handball for self-efficacy	file and over obstacles adopt a shot and play a mini Handball game while observing safety
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Assessment Rubric for Handball				
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Ability to differentiate the passing skills in Handball	Elaborately and correctly differentiates the passing skills in Handball with excellence	Correctly differentiates the passing skills in Handball	Partially differentiates the passing skills in Handball	Needs assistance to differentiate the passing skills in Handball
Ability to utilize the jump, side and flick passes in Handball	Consistent adherence to instructions while utilizing the jump, side and flick passes in Handball with excellence	Adherence to instructions while correctly utilizing the jump, side and flick passes in Handball	Partly adheres to instructions while displaying some ability utilizing the jump, side and flick passes in Handball	Hardly adheres to instructions while utilizing the jump, side and flick passes in Handball
Ability to tactically apply different passes in Handball for fun and enjoyment in a game situation	Consistently and tactically applies different passes in Handball with excellence in a game situation	Correctly and tactically applies different passes in a Handball game situation	Incorrectly applies some passes in a Handball game situation	Needs assistance in tactically applying different passes in a Handball game situation

Ability to describe the progression of landing and making steps in Handball	Proficiently describes the progression of landing and making steps in Handball with excellence	Correctly describes the progression of landing and making steps in Handball	Fairly describes the progression of landing and making steps in Handball	Needs help to describe the progression of landing and making steps in Handball
Ability to perform landing and stepping techniques in Handball	Skillfully and correctly performs landing and stepping techniques in Handball	Correctly performs landing and stepping techniques in Handball	Incorrectly performs some landing and stepping techniques in Handball	Needs assistance to perform landing and stepping techniques in Handball
Ability to combine landing and stepping techniques in Handball	Consistently and correctly combines landing and stepping techniques in Handball	Correctly combines landing and stepping techniques in Handball	Incorrectly combines some landing and stepping techniques in Handball	Requires assistance to combine landing and stepping techniques in Handball
Ability to establish the basic stance and body movements for dodging and marking in Handball	Proficiently establishes the basic stance and body movements for dodging and marking in Handball with excellence	Correctly establishes the basic stance and body movements for dodging and marking in Handball	Fairly establishes the basic stance and body movements for dodging and marking in Handball	Needs help to establish the basic stance and body movements for dodging and marking in Handball

Ability to perform a combination of the basic stance using single and double feigns in Handball	Consistently and correctly combines basic stance using single and double feigns in Handball	Correctly combines basic stance using single and double feigns in Handball	Fairly combines basic stance using single and double feigns in Handball	Needs assistance to combine basic stance using single and double feigns in Handball
Ability to critically rate each other's performance during execution of dodging and marking in Handball	Excellently and critically rates each other's performance during execution of dodging and marking in Handball	Correctly and critically rates each other's performance during execution of dodging and marking in Handball	Fairly rates each other's performance during execution of dodging and marking in Handball	Requires assistance to rate each other's performance during execution of dodging and marking in Handball
Ability to distinguish low and high dribbling techniques in Handball	Exceptionally distinguishes low and high dribbling techniques in Handball	Correctly distinguishes low and high dribbling techniques in Handball	Fairly distinguishes low and high dribbling techniques in Handball	Hardly distinguishes low and high dribbling techniques in Handball
Ability to create movement patterns using the low and high dribble techniques in Handball	Consistently creates movement patterns using the low and high dribble techniques in Handball	Correctly creates movement patterns using the low and high dribble techniques in Handball	Fairly creates some movement patterns using the low and high dribble techniques in Handball	Needs help to create movement patterns using the low and high dribble techniques in Handball
Ability to combine the high and low	Creatively and correctly combines the high and	Correctly combines the high and low	Fairly combines the high and low	Hardly combines the high and low

dribbling	low dribbling techniques	dribbling techniques	dribbling techniques	dribbling techniques
techniques in a	in a minor Handball game	in a minor Handball	in a minor Handball	in a minor Handball
minor Handball		game	game	game
game				
Ability to	Excellently distinguishes	Correctly	Partially	Requires assistance to
distinguish the	different shots used in	distinguishes	distinguishes some	distinguish different
different shots used	Handball	different shots used	shots used in	shots used in
in Handball		in Handball	Handball	Handball
Ability to execute	Proficiently executes the	Correctly executes	Fairly executes the	Needs assistance to
the running, jump,	running, jump, dive, lob	the running, jump,	running, jump, dive,	execute the running,
dive, lob and falling	and falling shots in	dive, lob and falling	lob and falling shots	jump, dive, lob and
shots in Handball	Handball with excellence	shots in Handball	in Handball	falling shots in
				Handball
Ability to creatively	Creatively and	Creatively and	Fairly applies	Needs help to apply
apply relevant shots	consistently applies	correctly applies	relevant shots	relevant shots
interchangeably in	relevant shots	relevant shots	interchangeably in a	interchangeably in a
a minor Handball	interchangeably in a	interchangeably in a	minor Handball game	minor Handball game
game	minor Handball game	minor Handball		
		game		
Ability to develop	Consistently exhibits	Displays	Displays some	Rarely displays
values and observe	exemplary sportsmanship	sportsmanship	sportsmanship	sportsmanship
safety in playing	competencies and	behaviour/values	behaviour/values and	behaviour/values; and
mini Handball	observes safety during	and	occasionally adheres	hardly observes safety
games	performance	observe safety	to safety precautions	during performance.
		during performance.		

STRAND 2.0: ATHLETICS

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
2.0 Athletics	2.1 Long jump (2 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) compare the sequence of the sail, hang and hitch kick techniques in long jump b) perform the approach, takeoff, flight and landing sequence of long jump techniques for skill acquisition c) adhere to the rules of long jump for sportsmanship and fair play d) observe own and others' safety when performing the long jump e) participate in the raking of the sand pit to develop responsibility.	 The learner is guided to: watch recorded video clips to familiarize with the sail, hang and hitch kick techniques in long jump demonstrate the sequence of each skill from approach, take-off, flight and landing use drills to practise the approach, take-off, flight and landing to perfect the techniques in long jump clear the area of play before and after performing long jump 	 What are the differences between the sail, hang and hitch kick techniques in long jump? What materials do you use to clear the landing area in long jump?

2.2 Javelin (2 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) review the importance of safety requirements in Javelin b) utilize the grip, carriage, approach run, crossover, release and follow through in the Javelin throw c) participate in Javelin throw while adhering to rules for safety d) collaborate with others in Javelin throw while measuring distances	 The learner is guided to: research and share with others the importance of safety in Javelin practise the phases in Javelin throw using the correct technique throw Javelin and safely withdraw it measure each other's distances during Javelin throws 	 Which safety measures does one need to observe during Javelin throw? How are distances measured in Javelin?
2.3 Sprint start in athletics (2 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) analyse the different positions on starting blocks for sprint starts b) perform the bunch, medium and elongated sprint starts for skill mastery c) apply suitable starting technique in sprint races for efficient take off d) observe rules when	 The learner is guided to: watch video clips on sprint starts using the starting blocks demonstrate different positions for sprint starts on starting blocks use drills to practise the bunch, medium and elongated starts in sprints engage in sprint mini games using the bunch, 	1. Why do we have different start techniques in sprints?

	performing the bunch, medium and elongated sprint start to ensure safety e) value self and each other's choice of sprint start techniques for self-esteem	medium and elongated start	
2.3 Running in Sprint	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to:	The learner is guided to: • Watch a video clip and	 When are the different phases
races	analyse the running phases of reaction time, acceleration	observe the phases in a sprint races	of running applied in sprint
(2 lessons)	and maintaining in sprint races b) perform the phases of running, reaction time, acceleration and maintaining in sprint races c) combine the start and running techniques for skill acquisition d) apply running techniques in sequence in a race for fun and enjoyment e) value each other's effort during mini races for selfefficacy	 use drills to practise body alignment for quick reaction time, acceleration and maintaining speed in sprint races participate in mini races that combine reaction time, acceleration and maintaining phases in a sprint race 	races?

techniques in Sprint Races (2 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) compare the different types of finishing techniques in sprint race b) perform the run-through, drop-finish and shoulder-shrug techniques for skills development c) creatively apply starting, running and finishing techniques in a mini race for fun and enjoyment. d) observe rules for own and others' safety during a sprint race	 The learner is guided to: watch a video clip on sprint race and observe the finishing techniques discuss the finishing technique as observed from the video clip practice run through, dropfinish and shoulder-shrug techniques run mini races while emphasizing on the finishing techniques in sprints while observing safety 	1. Why do we have different finishing techniques in sprint races?
Change Relay (2 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) explain the different relay races in Athletics b) perform the upsweep and down sweep baton change techniques in the designated zones c) observe own and others safety during relays	 The learner is guided to: to watch a video clip on baton changing techniques use drills to practise the upsweep and down sweep baton change techniques on the run in relays record video clips when practising baton change techniques for feedback 	1. Why are there different techniques in baton change in relay races?

d	,	and analysis	
	the execution of upsweep and		
	down sweep baton change		
	techniques		

Core Competencies to be developed

- Communication & Collaboration: enhance non-verbal communication when changing batons.
- Learning to Learn: research, participating in athletics activities.
- Self-efficacy: confidence in taking new challenges, belief in performing a skill or task.
- Critical thinking and problem solving: making decisions during play, strategies and tactics.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs)

- Healthy life style: appreciate athletics activities for physical fitness.
- Develop self-awareness: know their strengths and weakness, build their self-esteem and interpersonal relationships as they play games.
- Social economic issues: safety and security as they learn how to play together safely.
- Gender: play without discrimination and appreciate each other's sexuality without bias to intersex persons.

Values:

- Responsibility: responsible use of play areas.
- Social justice: fair play, observing rules and regulations during sports.
- Unity: joining together in team work during play.
- Love: caring for each other as they observe safety and sharing the available equipment.
- Peace: appreciating and respecting variations in abilities, gender and performance.
- Integrity: speaking honestly during play as they obey rules and regulations.

Link to other subjects

- Mathematics: counting steps, measuring throwing sectors and distances.
- Computer studies: manipulate and interact with digital devices.

• Science: identify body parts used in different activities.

Assessment Rubric for	Assessment Rubric for Athletics- Long Jump				
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations	
Ability to demonstrate knowledge when comparing the sequence of the sail, hang and hitch kick techniques in long jump	Excellently analyses the sequence of the sail, hang and hitch kick techniques in long jump	Correctly analyses the sequence of the sail, hang and hitch kick techniques in long jump	Fairly analyses the sequence of the sail, hang and hitch kick techniques in long jump	Needs assistance to analyse the sequence of the sail, hang and hitch kick technique in long jump	
Ability to perform the approach, take off, flight and landing sequence of long jump techniques	Skillfully and correctly performs the approach, take off, flight and landing sequence of long jump techniques with excellence	Correctly performs the approach, take off, flight and landing sequence of long jump techniques	Fairly performs the approach, take off, flight and landing sequence of long jump techniques	Hardly performs the approach, take off, flight and landing sequence of long jump techniques	
Ability to adhere to instructions and rules while performing the skills learnt in Long Jump	Consistent adherence to instructions while performing the skills in Long jump with excellence	Adherence to instructions while correctly performing the skills in Long jump	Fairly adheres to instructions while displaying some ability in performing the skills in Long jump	Needs help to adher to instructions while trying to perform the skills in Long jump	

Assessment Rubric for Athletics-Javelin				
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Review the	Exhaustively reviews	Correctly reviews the	Fairly reviews the	Needs assistance to
importance of safety	the importance of	importance of safety	importance of safety	review the importance
requirements in	safety requirements in	requirements in	requirements in	of safety requirements
Javelin	Javelin	Javelin	Javelin	in Javelin
Ability to utilize the	Consistently utilizes	Correctly utilizes the	Fairly utilizes the grip,	Hardly utilizes the grip,
grip, carriage,	the grip, carriage,	grip, carriage,	carriage, approach	carriage, approach run,
approach run,	approach run,	approach run,	run, crossover, release	crossover, release and
crossover, release	crossover, release and	crossover, release and	and follow through in	follow through in the
and follow through	follow through in	follow through in	the Javelin throw	Javelin throw
in Javelin throw	Javelin throw	Javelin throw		
Ability to participate	Consistent adherence	Adherence to rules	Fairly adheres to rules	Rarely adheres to rules
in Javelin throw	to rules while	while participating in	while participating in	while participating in
while adhering to	participating in Javelin	Javelin throw	Javelin throw	Javelin throw
rules	throw			
Ability to	Consistently	Collaborates with	Fairly collaborates	Rarely collaborates
collaborate with	collaborates with	others and exhibits	with others and	with others and does
others in Javelin	others and exhibits	sportsmanship while	exhibits some	not exhibits
throw while	exemplary	observing safety	sportsmanship while	sportsmanship during
observing safety	sportsmanship while	during Javelin throw	observing safety	Javelin throw and
	observing safety		during Javelin throw	hardly observes safety
	during Javelin throw			during performance.

Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Ability to analyse the different positions on starting blocks for sprint starts in athletics	Excellently analyses different positions on starting blocks for sprint starts in athletics	Correctly analyses different positions on starting blocks for sprint starts in athletics	Fairly analyses different positions on starting blocks for sprint starts in athletics	Needs assistance to analyse different positions on starting blocks for sprint starts in athletics
Ability to adhere to instructions and perform the bunch, medium and elongated sprint starts	Consistent adherence to instructions while performing the bunch, medium and elongated sprint starts with excellence	Adherence to instructions while correctly performing the bunch, medium and elongated sprint starts	Fairly adheres to instructions while displaying some ability in performing the bunch, medium and elongated sprint starts	Hardly adheres to instructions while trying to perform the bunch, medium and elongated sprint starts
Ability to creatively apply suitable starting technique in sprint races	Creatively and correctly applies suitable starting technique in sprint races	Creatively applies suitable starting technique in sprint races	Fairly applies suitable starting technique in sprint races	Rarely applies suitable starting technique in sprint races
Ability to observe rules when performing the bunch, medium and elongated sprint start	Consistent adherence to rules when performing the bunch, medium and elongated sprint start while	Adherence to rules while correctly performing the bunch, medium and elongated sprint start	Partially adheres to rules while performing the bunch, medium and elongated sprint start	Needs assistance in adhering to rules while attempting to perform the bunch, medium and

	observing safety	while observing	while observing	elongated sprint start;
		safety	safety	rarely observes safety
Ability to compare the	Exhaustively compares	Correctly compares	Fairly compares and	Rarely compares nor
different types of	and distinguishes the	and distinguishes the	distinguishes the	distinguishes the
finishing techniques	different types of	different types of	different types of	different types of
in sprint race	finishing techniques in	finishing techniques	finishing techniques	finishing techniques
	sprint race	in sprint race	in sprint race	in sprint race
Ability to creatively	Consistently and	Creatively applies	Fairly applies	Needs assistance in
apply starting,	creatively applies	starting, running and	starting, running and	applying starting,
running and finishing	starting, running and	finishing techniques	finishing techniques	running and finishing
techniques in mini	finishing techniques in	in mini races	in mini races	techniques in mini
races	mini races with			races
	excellence			

Assessment Rubric for	Assessment Rubric for Athletics- Baton Change Relays				
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations	
Ability to explain the different relay races in athletics	Proficiently explains the different relay races in athletics	Accurately explains the different relay races in athletics	Fairly explains the different relay races in athletics	Explains the different relay races in athletics with difficulty	
Ability to perform the upsweep and down sweep baton change techniques in the designated zones	Excellently and correctly performs the upsweep and down sweep baton change techniques in the designated zones	Correctly performs the upsweep and down sweep baton change techniques in the designated zones	Fairly performs the upsweep and down sweep baton change techniques in the designated zones	Needs assistance to perform the upsweep and down sweep baton change techniques in the designated zones	
Ability to develop values and observe safety in relay racing	Consistently exhibits exemplary sportsmanship and observes safety during relays	Displays sportsmanship and observes safety during relays	Fairly displays sportsmanship and occasionally adheres to safety during relays	Rarely displays sportsmanship and hardly observes safety during relays	

STRAND 3.0: PHYSICAL FITNESS AND HEALTH

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
3.0 Physical Fitness and Health	3.1 Pre- exercise assessment of flexibility, balance and coordination (3 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) familiarize with the basic tools that evaluate flexibility, balance and coordination b) conduct pre-exercise assessment on flexibility, balance and coordination for fitness c) create a portfolio of pre-test records of flexibility, balance and coordination for fitness journaling and assessment d) display respect while conducting fitness assessment regardless of gender and ability	The learner is guided to: research and identify the basic tools for use in evaluation of flexibility, balance and coordination perform exercises in preparation for the evaluation of flexibility, balance and coordination use the identified basic tools to measure flexibility, balance and coordination use the fitness norms sheet to deduce levels of flexibility, balance and coordination	1. Why are there different tools to measure fitness components? 2. How is the fitness portfolio used to assess levels of fitness?
	3.2 Fitness activities for flexibility	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) describe exercises that	The learner is guided to: • use music to perform fitness exercises	What exercises are recommended

balance and coordination (4 lessons)	promote flexibility, balance and coordination b) safely execute exercises that promote flexibility, balance and coordination while ensuring hydration c) appreciate the role of flexibility, balance and coordination exercises in prevention of lifestyle diseases d) show respect to others while participating in fitness activities for wellness	 practise exercises that promote flexibility balance and coordination while taking water breaks perform flexibility balance and coordination exercises with peers of different abilities, gender, skills and culture use digital devices to record own performance for self-evaluation 	for improving flexibility, balance and coordination? 2. Why is hydration necessary when performing exercises? 3. How do exercises prevent lifestyle diseases?
3.3 Post exercise assessment of flexibility, balance and coordination (3 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) study the basic tools used in pretest evaluation for flexibility, balance and coordination b) conduct post exercise assessment on flexibility, balance and coordination using the basic fitness evaluation tools	 The learner is guided to: assemble the pretest evaluation tools of flexibility, balance and coordination observe scores initially recorded perform exercises in preparation for the post evaluation of flexibility, balance and coordination 	 What is the importance of studying pretest tools initially used for fitness test? How are assessment fitness tools used to determine levels of fitness

to b	create a portfolio of post- test records in flexibility, calance and coordination for fitness assessment	• use the identified tools to assess and compare flexibility, balance and coordination scores with	after exercises?
g i:	show respect for others' gender and ability when interpreting the fitness assessment results	 the first records use the fitness norms sheet to deduce levels of flexibility, balance and coordination after exercises 	

Core competencies to be developed:

- Communication & Collaboration: enhance active listening, and non-verbal communication during exercises, and as they listen attentively to instructions on how to perform various skills.
- Creativity & Imagination: during execution and application of relevant exercises for fitness.
- Learning to Learn: learners appreciate information and opinions of peers and reflect on own performance for improvement.
- Self-efficacy: confidence in taking new challenges, belief in performing a skill or task and provide leadership in fitness programme.
- Critical thinking and problem solving: learners make decisions during exercise and filling up the fitness evaluation sheets.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

- Healthy life style: engage in physical exercises for fitness and health
- Self-awareness, self-esteem and interpersonal relationships: participate in physical fitness exercises
- Gender issues: plan physical fitness programmes without discrimination or bias to intersex persons

Values:

- Respect: appreciating rules, self and others during exercises
- Responsibility: responsible use of equipment, cleanliness in the play environment

- Integrity: honesty as they fill in their scores
- Love: supporting each other keep up their fitness levels

Link to other subjects

- Health education: learn about health nutrition and exercises
- Languages: communicate to make evaluation reports or records
- Computer studies: watch video clips to identify exercises for fitness
- Music: dance to the rhythm during aerobics
- Science: identify body parts to be targeted when assessing fitness

Assessment Rubric for	Assessment Rubric for Physical Fitness and Health (Health Related Fitness)				
Indicators	Exceeds	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations	
	Expectations		Expectations		
Ability to identify	Excellently identifies	Correctly identifies	Fairly identifies basic	Needs assistance to	
basic tools to assess	basic tools for	basic tools for	tools for assessing	identify any basic	
flexibility, balance	assessing flexibility,	assessing flexibility,	flexibility, balance	tools for assessing	
and coordination	balance and	balance and	and coordination	flexibility, balance	
	coordination	coordination		and coordination	
Ability to perform	Consistently adheres	Adheres to	Fairly adheres to	Hardly adheres to	
exercises to enhance	to instructions while	instructions while	instructions while	instructions while	
flexibility, balance	performing fitness	correctly performing	displaying some	trying to perform the	
and coordination and	exercises with	the fitness exercises	ability in performing	fitness exercises and	
ensures hydration	excellence and	and ensures hydration	the fitness exercises	rarely ensures	
	ensures hydration		and tries to ensure	hydration	
			hydration		
Ability to create a	Consistently adheres	Adheres to	Fairly adheres to	Rarely adheres to	
portfolio of pretest	to instructions while	instructions while	instructions while	instructions while	

and posttest	excellently creating	correctly creating	creating portfolio of	creating portfolio of
assessment of fitness	portfolio of pretest	portfolio of pretest	pretest and posttest	pretest and posttest
journaling	and posttest	and posttest	assessment of fitness	assessment of fitness
	assessment of fitness	assessment of fitness	journaling	journaling
	journaling	journaling		
Ability to describe	Explicitly and	Correctly describes	Fairly describes	Needs assistance to
exercises that promote	exhaustively	exercises that promote	exercises that promote	describe exercises that
flexibility, balance	describes exercises	flexibility, balance	flexibility, balance	promote flexibility,
and coordination	that promote	and coordination	and coordination	balance and
	flexibility, balance			coordination
	and coordination			
Ability to utilize basic	Consistently and	Accurately utilizes the	Fairly utilizes the	Needs assistance in
fitness tools before	accurately utilizes the	assessment tools to	assessment tools to	utilizing the
and after exercises to	assessment tools to	check fitness levels	check fitness levels	assessment tools to
assess flexibility,	check fitness levels	before and after a	before and after a	check fitness levels
balance and	before and after a	period of fitness	period of fitness	before and after a
coordination pre and	period of fitness	exercises	exercises	period of fitness
post exercises	exercises			exercises
Ability to create a	Creates an excellent	Creates a correct	Fairly creates a	Hardly creates a
portfolio of post-test	portfolio of post-test	portfolio of post-test	portfolio of post-test	portfolio of post-test
fitness assessment	fitness assessment	fitness assessment	fitness assessment	fitness assessment
records in flexibility,	records in flexibility,	records in flexibility,	records in flexibility,	records in flexibility,
balance and	balance and	balance and	balance and	balance and
coordination	coordination	coordination	coordination	coordination
Ability to display	Skillfully exhibits	Correctly exhibits	Fairly exhibits	Requires help in
sportsmanship and	exemplary	sportsmanship and	sportsmanship and	displaying

observe safety when	sportsmanship and	observes safety	occasionally observes	sportsmanship and
performing exercises	observes safety	precautions	safety	rarely observes safety
and assessing fitness				



STRAND 4.0: CAREER OPPORTUNITIES IN SPORTS

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
4.0 Career Opportunities in Sports	4.1 Games and sports related Careers (3 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify careers in games and sports b) create linkages and visit relevant sports institutions for familiarization c) appreciate career opportunities in games and sports for income generation and healthy lifestyles	 The learner is guided to: brainstorm careers in games and sports identifying different institutions offering games and sports collaboratively interact with institutions offering specialized games and sports 	 Which kind of career opportunities are found in games and sports? Which sports institutions are found in the community? How can linkages be created with sports institutions in the community for regular interactions?
	4.2 Use of talent to generate income (2 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify ways of earning income using talents b) develop personal management skills and financial discipline from income generated in sports c) determine appropriate	 The learner is guided to: create a list on sources of income from sports talent discuss the different ways of generating income through talent brainstorm on ways of developing personal and financial discipline 	 How can sports talent be used to generate income? How can success in sports be contained honorably? How does one develop personal and financial discipline from sports income?

choice of financial services for management of monetary awards d) recognize personal abilities as a source of income generation and success management	 research on how to access financial services, preparing a personal budget, saving and spending research ways of protecting own creativity and share feedback Which financial services can be used for management of monetary awards?
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Core Competencies to be developed:

- Communication: learners share ideas on different careers available in games and sports.
- Collaboration: learner actively contributes to group decisions and participates in discussions on sources of income from sports talent and works together as part of a team and recognize and values others' ideas.
- Learning to Learn: learners research on how to access financial services and prepare budgets.
- Creativity and imagination: learners brainstorm on different careers in games and sports.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

- Poverty eradication: use talent to generate income and manage income generated from sports
- Gender issues: work together without discrimination

Values

- Responsibility: maintaining humility after success.
- Integrity: honesty as they plan how to use talent to make an honest income.
- Love: support each other and share ideas on how to make profitable ventures.
- Unity: working together in teams.

Link to other subjects

• Language: communicate and discuss different careers in sports.

- Computer Studies: research on different careers in games and sports.
- Business studies: plan on budgets, generating income, spending and saving in financial institutions.

Assessment Rubric for	r Career Opportunities			
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Ability to identify opportunities in games and Sports related careers.	Demonstrates exemplary knowledge relating to career opportunities in games and sports	Demonstrates appropriate knowledge, related to career opportunities in games and Sports	Fairly demonstrates appropriate knowledge, related to career opportunities in games and Sports	Rarely demonstrates knowledge related to career opportunities in games and Sports
Ability to seek linkages and opportunities for visits to sports institutions	Exhibits admirable knowledge on sports institutions and successfully reaches out for linkages	Demonstrates appropriate knowledge, on sports institutions and reaches out for linkages	Demonstrates partial knowledge on sports institutions and attempts to reach out for linkages	Hardly demonstrates knowledge, on sports institutions and rarely reaches out for linkages
Ability to discuss ways of earning income through talents or participation in games and sports	Demonstrates excellent knowledge when discussing ways of earning income through talents or participation in games and sports	Demonstrates appropriate knowledge when discussing ways of earning income through talents or participation in games and sports	Demonstrates partial knowledge when discussing ways of earning income through talents or participation in games and sports	Scarcely demonstrates knowledge when discussing ways of earning income through talents or participation in games and sports
Ability to research on	Consistently adheres	Adheres to	Fairly adheres to	Needs assistance to

appropriate financial services and prepare personal budgets	to instructions while researching on appropriate financial services and preparing personal budgets	instructions while correctly researching on appropriate financial services and preparing personal	instructions while correctly researching on appropriate financial services and preparing personal	adhere to instructions while researching on appropriate financial services and preparing personal budgets
Ability to analyse how to patent own creativity	Demonstrates exemplary knowledge when analysing ways of patenting own creativity in games and sports	budgets Demonstrates appropriate knowledge when analysing ways of patenting own creativity in games and sports	budgets Demonstrates partial knowledge when analysing ways of patenting own creativity in games and sports	Needs help to demonstrate knowledge when analysing ways of patenting own creativity in games and sports

STRAND 5.0: COMMUNITY SERVICE LEARNING (CSL) PROJECT

The CSL project is based on the strands learned in **Games**, **Athletics and Career opportunities in Sports**. Specifically, it deals with learning how to improvise equipment under the sub strands learned in different Games; Athletics; Games and Sports related careers. The project is meant to easily avail resources for play at low or no cost. It provides an opportunity to enhance learning while engaging the school or the larger community.

Although the CSL can start at the beginning of the term, it can continue during informal and non-formal sessions to ensure learners keep acquiring knowledge on improvisation to produce equipment for use in all PE and sports lessons. The CSL project endeavours to address the problem of inadequate or expensive sports equipment by stimulating creativity for improvisation and environmental conservation through the use of recyclable materials in the community

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
5.0 Community Service Learning Project	5.1 Improvisation of Sports Equipment (5 Lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify the PE and sports equipment to improvise for the CSL project b) plan for the CSL project in the school or community c) improvise sports equipment using recyclable environmentally friendly materials while observing safety and cleanliness d) appreciate the use of recyclable materials for making equipment for PE and Sports	 The learner is guided to:- use a simple questionnaire to conduct needs assessment on the sports equipment inventory gaps and recyclable materials in the environment sensitize the school community using posters, clubs, parade on the importance of improvisation of sports equipment using recyclable and environmentally friendly materials collaboratively collect the recyclable environmentally friendly materials within the environment design sample sports equipment to be made using recyclable environment to be made using recyclable environmentally friendly materials inclusively, participate on equipment improvisation while observing safety and 	 What sports equipment can you improvise for use in the school community? What are the recyclable environmentall y friendly materials that can be used to improvise sports equipment? Which CSL skills are developed in this project?

environmental cleanliness and conservation
showcase the project work in an
exhibition to the school community for learning,
assessment and marketing
reflectively evaluate the project
on what worked, what did not
work, benefits of the project to
the school and community and
problem (s) solved
present the project report and
include it in the portfolio for
learning and assessment
use the improvised materials
during PE and sports lessons

Core competencies

- Communication and Collaboration: learners interact with each other and sensitize the school on importance of recycling and keeping the environment clean.
- Creativity and imagination: learners choose what to improvise and select materials for improvisation.
- Self- efficacy: learners show confidence in taking up new challenges in coming up with improvised sporting equipment and portray self-belief in making improvised sports equipment.
- Citizenship: learners demonstrate environmental consciousness and collaboratively improvise PE and sports equipment.
- Learning to learn: learners use questionnaires to conduct needs assessment.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs)

- Self-awareness and self-esteem: develop interpersonal relationships in the process of improvising relevant equipment.
- Human sexuality: improvise items that relate to different gender without bias to intersex persons.
- Disaster risk reduction: sustainably use materials from the environment during improvisation of age appropriate materials.
- Safety and security as they take care of each other when planning and handling materials during improvisation.
- Poverty eradication as they show case their products.
- Environmental sustainability as they develop improvised items and observe environmental conservation skills.

Values:

- Love and respect: learners learn to share available resources while creating materials.
- Responsibility: learners learn to use and care for equipment and facilities improvised. They should also complete the undertaken project.
- Integrity: fair play and honesty as learners participate in making the improvised items.
- Social justice: as learners participate together in doing the project and showcase their projects to the community.

Link to other subjects

- Language: communicate and write reports.
- Social studies: areas dealing with environmental preservation.

Reflections

- 1. Has the project enabled learners to acquire a deeper understanding of the concept of material improvisation and interacting with the community to source for recyclable materials?
- 2. Has the involvement of the community led to a better relationship between the school and the community?
- 3. Was there value addition in learning in terms of competencies and values gained?

Assessment Rubric For Community Service Learning Project

Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Ability to identify the gaps and equipment to improvise as a CSL activity	Demonstrates excellent knowledge in identifying gaps and required PE and sports equipment to be improvised from recyclable materials in the community	Demonstrates appropriate knowledge, in identifying gaps and required PE and sports equipment to be improvised from recyclable materials in the community	Partially identifies gaps and required PE and sports equipment to be improvised from recyclable materials in the community	Needs help in identifying gaps and required PE and sports equipment to be improvised from recyclable materials in the community
Ability to collaboratively plan for the CSL project	Demonstrates exemplary collaborative skills in planning for the equipment to be improvised in the project	Demonstrates appropriate collaborative skills in planning for the equipment to be improvised in the project	Fairly demonstrates appropriate collaborative skills in planning for the equipment to be improvised in the project	Rarely demonstrates collaborative skills in planning for the equipment to be improvised in the project
Ability to improvise sports equipment using recyclable environmental friendly materials	Creatively and correctly improvises sports equipment using recyclable environmental friendly materials	Correctly improvises sports equipment using recyclable environmental friendly materials	Fairly improvises sports equipment using recyclable environmental friendly materials	Needs assistance in improvising sports equipment using recyclable environmental friendly materials

OPTIONS

Learners must cover at least ONE of these areas: This will depend on what was covered in previous grade, interest and resources available

- 6.0 Hockey
- 7.0 Kabaddi
- 8.0 Swimming



STRAND 6.0: HOCKEY

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Questions
OPTION 6.0 Hockey	6.1 Hockey: Equipment, grip and stance (2 Lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify the equipment used in the Hockey game b) describe the sections of a Hockey pitch for familiarization c) perform the body stance and the grip of the hockey stick for skill acquisition d) appreciate the Hockey game for fun and enjoyment	 The learner is guided to: watch a video clip on court layout and present an own illustration of the layout for discussion discuss equipment used in Hockey demonstrate the stance and grip of a hockey stick practise the stance and grip in Hockey 	 Which equipment is used in the game of Hockey? Which are the sections of a Hockey pitch? What is the role of body stance and grip of hockey stick done?
	6.2 Passing skills in Hockey (4 Lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify the parts of the Hockey stick that make contact with the ball b) perform passing using the forward and reverse of the Hockey stick for skill acquisition c) observe the rules when	The learner is guided to: • watch video clips and observe the part of a hockey stick used for passing • demonstrate the forward and reverse stick passes and share feedback • use drills to practice	 When is the forward and reverse stick pass used in Hockey? What is the role of the forward and reverse stick passing techniques in

6.2 Hitting	passing the ball for safety and fair play d) appreciate the use of protective equipment while playing Hockey for safety	forward and reverse stick passes play a mini passing game in Hockey Use protective gear for safety during play	playing Hockey? 3. Why is it necessary to observe rules when passing a ball in Hockey game? 1. What is the role
6.3 Hitting skills in Hockey (2 Lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) explain the steps of hitting a Hockey ball b) execute hitting the ball in Hockey for skill acquisition c) observe the rules when hitting the ball for safety and fair play d) recognize the use of protective equipment when playing Hockey for safety	 The learner is guided to: discuss the hitting technique in Hockey demonstrate hitting and share feed back play a mini game in Hockey and use protective gear for safety 	 What is the role of different steps when a hockey ball is being hit? What are the safety precautions to consider when hitting a hockey ball?
6.4 Stopping skills in Hockey (2 lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) explain the steps in stopping a hockey ball for control b) stop the ball using the forward and reverse stick for skill development	 The learner is guided to: discuss the steps for stopping techniques in Hockey demonstrate the forward and reverse stick stopping techniques in 	 What is the importance of the steps used in stopping a hockey ball during play? Why should the hockey stick

 c) critically employ the forward and reverse stick in stopping the ball in Hockey d) value own and others efforts while playing the game for harmony and self-efficacy 	Hockey and give feedback use drill to practise ball stopping in Hockey while observing rules for safety play a conditioned Hockey game for fun	remain down while attempting to stop the ball?
	and enjoyment	

Core Competencies to be developed

- Self-efficacy: while confidently performing skills in hockey.
- Critically thinking: while applying the skills in a mini game.
- Digital literacy: manipulate and interact with digital devices.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

- Health lifestyle: build on fitness generated from playing the game.
- Social economic issues: disaster risk reduction- avoiding using the sticks and ball as weapons and only for purposes of play.
- Safety and security wear protective gear while playing Hockey.
- Gender issues: play with each other without discrimination.

Values:

- Responsibility while taking care of equipment
- Respect for each other while using the hockey equipment
- Love when players are concerned about their safety and that of others
- Social justice for emphasis on fair play and observance of rules

Link to other subjects:

- Computer studies for digital literacy
- Languages for communication both verbally and non-verbally
- Health education as they take care of their hygiene when sharing equipment and protective gear

Assessment Rubric for	Assessment Rubric for Hockey- Equipment and Passing Skill					
Indicators	Exceeds expectations	Meets expectations	Approaches expectations	Below expectations		
Ability to identify equipment and describe the Hockey pitch	Exhaustively and correctly identifies equipment and describes the Hockey pitch with excellence	Correctly identifies equipment and describes the Hockey pitch	Fairly identifies equipment and describes some parts of the Hockey pitch	Needs help to identify equipment and describes the Hockey pitch with difficulty		
Ability to demonstrate the body stance and stick grip in Hockey	Demonstrates body stance and stick grip in Hockey with excellence	Demonstrates body stance and stick grip in Hockey correctly	Fairly demonstrates body stance and stick grip in Hockey	Hardly demonstrates body stance and stick grip in Hockey		
Ability to identify the parts of the Hockey stick that makes contact with the ball	Consistently and correctly identifies the parts of the Hockey stick that makes contact with the ball	Correctly identifies the parts of the Hockey stick that makes contact with the ball	Fairly identifies the parts of the Hockey stick that makes contact with the ball	Seldom identifies the parts of the Hockey stick that make contact with the ball		
Ability to perform passing Hockey ball using the forward and reverse of the stick	Performs passing Hockey ball using the forward and reverse of the stick with	Performs passing Hockey ball using the forward and reverse of the stick correctly	Fairly performs passing Hockey ball using the forward and reverse of the stick	Needs assistance to perform passing Hockey ball using the forward and reverse		

	excellence			of the stick
Ability to adhere to	Consistently adheres	Adheres to rules when	Fairly adheres to	Hardly adheres to
rules when passing	to rules when passing	passing the ball while	rules when passing	rules when passing
the ball	the ball while	observing safety and	the ball while	the ball, hardly
	observing safety and	fair play	observing safety and	observes safety nor
	fair play		some fair play	fair play
Assessment Rubric	for Hockey- Hitting and S	topping Skill		
Indicators	Exceeds expectations	Meets expectations	Approaches expectations	Below expectations
Ability to explain	Skillfully and correctly	Correctly explains the	Partly explains the	Needs assistance to
the steps of hitting	explains the steps of	steps of hitting a	steps of hitting a	explain the steps of
a hockey ball	hitting a hockey ball	hockey ball	Hockey ball	hitting a hockey ball
Ability to execute	Executes hitting a hockey	Executes hitting a	Fairly executes hitting	Needs help to execute
hitting a ball in	ball with excellence	hockey ball correctly	a hockey ball	hitting a hockey ball
Hockey				
Ability to adhere	Consistently adheres to	Adheres to rules when	Fairly adheres to rules	Scarcely adheres to
to rules when	rules when hitting a	hitting a hockey ball	when hitting a hockey	rules when hitting a
hitting a hockey	hockey ball while	while observing	ball while observing	hockey ball; rarely
ball	observing safety and fair	safety and fair play	some safety and fair	observes safety and
	play		play	fair play
Ability to explain	Proficiently explains the	Correctly explains the	Fairly explains the	Needs help to explain
the steps in	steps of stopping a	steps of stopping a	steps of stopping a	the steps of stopping a
stopping a hockey	hockey ball	hockey ball	hockey ball	hockey ball
ball				
Ability to stop the	Skillfully and correctly	Correctly stops the	Fairly stops the ball	Requires assistance to

ball using the	stops the ball using the	ball using the forward	using the forward and	stop the ball using the
forward and	forward and reverse stick	and reverse stick	reverse stick and tries	forward and reverse
reverse stick	with excellence while	while observing	to observe safety	stick and rarely
	observing safety	safety		observes safety
Ability to critically	Critically and	Critically and	Fairly employs the	Hardly employs the
employ the	consistently employs the	correctly employs the	forward and reverse	forward and reverse
forward and	forward and reverse stick	forward and reverse	stick in stopping the	stick in stopping the
reverse stick in	in stopping the hockey	stick in stopping the	hockey ball	hockey ball
stopping the	ball	hockey ball		
hockey ball				

STRAND 7.0: OPTION KABADDI

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Question
7.0 OPTION Kabaddi	7.1 Defensive positioning and entry skill (2 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) describe team positioning for defensive play in Kabaddi b) evaluate the entry technique used to start the Kabaddi game c) perform the defensive positioning and raiders entry during Kabaddi game d) apply the rules governing entry and positioning in Kabaddi e) appreciate own and other's effort when playing Kabaddi for enjoyment and self-efficacy	 The learner is guided to: discuss team positioning formation discuss the entry technique in Kabaddi demonstrate entry and defensive positions in Kabaddi use drills to practise the different entry and defensive positions play Kabaddi while observing the positioning strategies 	 What is the role of defensive team position during start of the game? What is the importance of the rules that govern entry and positioning in Kabaddi?

7. 2 Defensive skills (4 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) distinguish between the block and chain tackle in kabaddi b) perform the block and chain tackles techniques in Kabaddi while observing safety c) Creatively employ the block and chain tackle in Kabaddi d) appreciate the use of block and chain tackles in Kabaddi	 The learner is guided to:- watch a video clip and observe the execution of block and chain tackle demonstrate the block and chain tackles use drills to practise the block and chain tackles play mini Kabaddi game while observing rules for safety 	 What is the importance of the block and chain tackles in Kabaddi? When is it suitable to apply either strategy of block or chain tackle in a Kabaddi game?
7.3 Attacking skills (4 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to: a) differentiate the attacking skills of hand touch and squat thrust in Kabaddi b) perform different types of hand touches and squat thrusts employed by raiders when attacking in Kabaddi c) critically employ the different attacking skills in Kabaddi while observing rules and	 The learner is guided to: brainstorm on hand touches and squat thrust in kabaddi demonstrate hand touches and squat thrust in kabaddi use drills to practise the hand touches and squat thrust play mini Kabaddi 	 What is the role of the attacking skills of hand touch and squat thrust in Kabaddi? How are the different attacking skills of hand touch and squat thrust used in Kabaddi? Which safety precautions need to

	regulations d) value own and others' efforts while playing Kabaddi for self confidence	game while observing safety	be observed when playing Kabaddi?
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Core Competencies to be developed:

- Communication and collaboration: while practising and interacting with each other in learning the skills.
- Self-efficacy: while confidently performing skills of kabaddi.
- Critical thinking: while deciding the skill to apply in mini game.
- Digital literacy: while manipulating and interacting with digital devices.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

- Health Related Issues: develop fitness when participating in kabaddi and as a recreation and leisure game
- Negotiation skills: as they strategize on best attack and defensive skills to use during play
- Safety and security: as they play games and observe rules
 Gender issues: as they opt to play separately as boys and girls due to the contact nature of the game

Values:

- Responsibility as they maintain their roles in a team
- Respect for self and each other while playing the game
- Love when players are concerned about their safety and that of others
- Social justice for emphasis on fair play and observing rules
- Integrity playing and speaking honestly during play

Link to other subjects:

- Sciences as they identify body parts used in skills' execution
- Computer studies as they watch video clips
- Languages as they communicate verbally and non-verbally during play
- Religious studies: as they choose fair play that encourages application of values

Assessment Rubric	Assessment Rubric for Kabaddi-Defensive Positioning And Skills				
Indicators	Exceeds expectations	Meets expectations	Approaches expectations	Below expectations	
Ability to describe	Excellently describes	Correctly describes	Fairly describes team	Needs help to	
team positions for	team positions for	team positions for	positions for	describe team	
defensive play in	defensive play in	defensive play in	defensive and in	positions for	
Kabaddi	Kabaddi	Kabaddi	Kabaddi	defensive play in Kabaddi	
Ability to evaluate	Proficiently evaluates	Correctly evaluates	Fairly evaluates	Needs assistance to	
techniques used to	techniques used to start	techniques used to	techniques used to	evaluate techniques	
start Kabaddi	Kabaddi	start Kabaddi	start Kabaddi	used to start Kabadd	
Ability to perform	Performs the defensive	Correctly performs	Fairly performs the	Rarely performs the	
the defensive	positioning and raiders	the defensive	defensive	defensive	
positioning and	entry in Kabaddi with	positioning and	positioning and	positioning and	
raiders entry in	excellence	raiders entry in	raiders entry in	raiders entry in	
Kabaddi		Kabaddi	Kabaddi	Kabaddi	
Ability to apply the rules governing entry and positioning in	Skillfully and correctly applies the rules governing entry and positioning in Kabaddi	Correctly applies the rules governing entry and positioning in Kabaddi	Partly applies some of the rules governing entry and positioning in Kabaddi	Does not apply the rules governing entry and positioning in Kabaddi	
Kabaddi					
Ability to	Consistently and	Correctly	Partially distinguishes	Needs assistance to	
distinguish	correctly distinguishes	distinguishes between	between block and	distinguish between	
between block and	between block and tackle	block and tackle	tackle techniques in	block and tackle	
chain tackles in	techniques in Kabaddi	techniques in Kabaddi	Kabaddi	techniques in Kabado	

Kabaddi	with excellence			
Ability to perform	Excellently performs the	Correctly performs	Fairly performs the	Hardly performs the
the block and	block and chain tackles	the block and chain	block and chain	block and chain
chain tackles	techniques in Kabaddi	tackles techniques in	tackles techniques in	tackles techniques in
techniques in	while observing safety	Kabaddi while	Kabaddi and observes	Kabaddi and rarely
Kabaddi		observing safety	some safety	observes safety
			precautions	
Ability to	Consistently and	Correctly and	Fairly employs the	Needs help to
creatively employ	creatively employs the	creatively employs	block and chain tackle	creatively employ the
the block and	block and chain tackle in	the block and chain	in Kabaddi	block and chain tackle
chain tackle in	Kabaddi	tackle in Kabaddi		in Kabaddi
Kabaddi				

Assessment Rubric for Kabaddi-Attacking Skills				
Indicators	Exceeds expectations	Meets expectations	Approaches expectations	Below expectations
Ability to differentiate the attacking skills of hand touch and squat thrust in Kabaddi	Distinctly and correctly differentiates attacking skills of hand touch and squat thrust in Kabaddi with excellence	Correctly differentiates attacking skills of hand touch and squat thrust in Kabaddi	Fairly differentiates attacking skills of hand touch and squat thrust in Kabaddi	Hardly differentiates attacking skills of hand touch and squat thrust in Kabaddi
Ability to perform different types of hand touches and squat thrusts employed when attacking in Kabaddi	Excellently performs different types of hand touches and squat thrusts employed when attacking while observing safety	Correctly performs different types of hand touches and squat thrusts employed when attacking in Kabaddi while observing safety	Fairly performs different types of hand touches and squat thrusts employed when attacking in Kabaddi and observes some safety precautions	Needs help to perform different types of hand touches and squat thrusts employed when attacking in Kabaddi and rarely observes safety
Ability to critically employ the different attacking skills in Kabaddi while observing rules and regulations	Consistently and critically employs the different attacking skills in Kabaddi while observing rules and regulations	Critically employs the different attacking skills in Kabaddi while observing rules and regulations	Fairly employs the different attacking skills in Kabaddi while observing some rules and regulations	Rarely employs the different attacking skills in Kabaddi; rarely observes rules and regulations

STRAND 8.0: SWIMMING

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experience	Key Inquiry Question
OPTION 8.0 SWIMMING	8.1 Water Orientation	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) establish the levels of water	The learner is guided to: • safely make entry and exit into the swimming pool	1. In which ways does one gain water
	(3 Lessons)	confidence for learning progression b) creatively float and balance in water for orientation c) observe rules and regulations of swimming for safety d) appreciate water games for fun and enjoyment while ensuring safety	with ease • demonstrate buoyancy and floating in water while building confidence • practise buoyancy and floating in water • play water games while applying basic rules in and out of the swimming pool	confidence in swimming? 2. Which rules and regulations need to be observed in water and within the pool area?
	8.2 Front Crawl (4 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) describe the flutter kicks, arm action and breathing in Front crawl b) perform the flutter kick, arm action and breathing techniques for skill acquisition c) creatively combine the leg	 The learner is guided to: Watch a video clip on Front crawl technique discuss the techniques of flutter kicks, arm action and breathing in Front crawl demonstrate flutter kicks, arm action and breathing in Front crawl collaboratively practise 	 What is the role of the different components of Front crawl? What is the importance of combining the Front crawl techniques in swimming?

8.3 Back stroke in	kick, arm pulls action and breathing in Front crawl d) appreciate own and others efforts during swimming while observing safety By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to:	The learner is guided to: • watch a video clip on Back	What is the role of body position
swimming (3 lessons)	 a) describe the body position for performing Back stroke b) describe flutter kicks, arm action and breathing in Back stroke c) perform the flutter kick, arm action and breathing techniques for skill acquisition d) creatively combine the flutter kick, arm action and breathing for self-efficacy e) appreciate own and others efforts during back stroke while observing safety 	stroke technique and observe the execution of the skill discuss supine body position and the techniques of flutter kicks, arm action and breathing during Back stroke demonstrate flutter kicks, arm action and breathing while in supine position and share feedback practise drills for breathing, flutter kicks and arm action in back stroke engage in water games for fun and enjoyment	in swimming using Backstroke technique?

Core Competencies to be developed

- Communication and collaboration: as they practice water skills and play water games.
- Digital literacy: as they watch video clips on different strokes.
- Self-efficacy: as they build water confidence and perform different swimming strokes.
- Critical thinking and problem solving: as they manage their breathing while practicing different strokes.
- Learning to learn as they come up with other ways of improving learnt skills and peer evaluation.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

- Health Related Issues: lifestyle diseases that are kept at bay by fitness during swimming.
- Water survival skills, negotiations and self-awareness.
- Human sexuality and gender: appreciating anatomical difference among themselves while in swimming attire.
- Social economic issues: (disaster risk reduction by caring for each other around the pool.
- Safety and security: observe pool rules in and around the pool.
- Sustainable development: proper use of pool and its water environs.

Values:

- Responsibility: practise caution and safety around the pool.
- Respect for self and others as they learn the skills.
- Love and caring for each other as they appreciate each other space, challenges and abilities.
- Unity as they work collaboratively and obey rules.

Link to other subjects:

- Health education by observing hygiene and cleanliness in the pool.
- Religious education –loving each other and observing values.
- Computer studies as they use digital literacy to manipulate and interact with digital devices.
- Languages as they communicate and collaborate while swimming.
- Science as they observe water buoyance and Archimedes' principle of floatation.

Assessment Rubric fo	Assessment Rubric for Swimming: Water Orientation and Front Crawl			
Indicators	Exceeds expectations	Meets expectations	Approaches expectations	Below expectations
Ability to establish and demonstrate water confidence and buoyancy	Consistent adherence to instructions while performing floating and balancing in water with excellence	Adherence to instructions while correctly performing floating and balancing in water	Fairly adheres to instructions while displaying some ability in floating and balancing in water	Hardly adheres to instructions while trying to float and balance in water
Ability to creatively float and balance in water	Consistently and creatively floats and balances in water	Creatively floats and balances in water	Fairly floats and balances in water	Needs assistance to float and balance in water
Ability to observe rules and regulations during swimming	Proficiently adheres to instructions and rules while observing safety	Adherence to instructions and rules while observing safety	Partly adheres to instructions and rules while occasionally observing safety	Needs help to adhere to instructions and rules and hardly observes safety
Ability to describe flutter kick, arm action and breathing techniques in Front crawl	Consistently and correctly describes flutter kick, arm action and breathing techniques in Front crawl	Correctly describes flutter kick, arm action and breathing techniques in Front crawl	Fairly describes flutter kick, arm action and breathing techniques in Front crawl	Hardly able to describe flutter kick, arm action and breathing techniques in Front crawl
Ability to perform the flutter kick, arm action and breathing techniques in Front	Performs the flutter kick, arm action and breathing techniques in Front crawl with	Performs the flutter kick, arm action and breathing techniques in Front crawl	Fairly performs the flutter kick, arm action and breathing techniques in Front	Needs help to perform the flutter kick, arm action and breathing techniques in Front

crawl	excellence	correctly	crawl	crawl
Ability to creatively	Consistently and	Correctly displays	Displays fair	Hardly able to
combine the	correctly displays	exemplary	performance of	perform techniques in
techniques in Front	exemplary	performance of	techniques in Front	Front crawl
crawl	combination of	techniques in Front	crawl	
	techniques in Front	crawl		
	crawl			
Assessment Rubric for	r Swimming: Backstrok	e		
Indicators	Exceeds expectations	Meets expectations	Approaches	Below expectations
			expectations	
Ability to describe the	Excellently describes	Correctly describes	Fairly describes body	Needs assistance to
body position in	body position in	body position in	position in	describe body
performance of Back	performance of Back	performance of Back	performance of Back	position in
stroke	stroke	stroke	stroke	performance of Back
				stroke
Ability to describe	Exhaustively and	Explicitly describes	Fairly describes	Needs help to
flutter kicks, arm	explicitly describe	flutter kicks, arm	flutter kicks, arm	describe flutter kicks,
action and breathing	flutter kicks, arm	action and breathing	action and breathing	arm action and
in Back stroke	action and breathing	in Back stroke	in Back stroke	breathing in Back
	in Back stroke			stroke
Ability to perform the	Performs the flutter	Performs the flutter	Fairly performs the	Seldom performs the
flutter kick arm action	kick, arm action and	kick, arm action and	flutter kick, arm	flutter kick, arm
and breathing	breathing techniques	breathing techniques	action and breathing	action and breathing
techniques in Back	in Back crawl with	in Back crawl	techniques in Back	techniques in Back
crawl	excellence	correctly	crawl	crawl
Ability to creatively	Consistently and	Correctly displays	Fairly combines	Needs assistance to

APPENDIX: SUGGESTED RESOURCES, ASSESSMENT AND NON-FORMAL ACTIVITIES

Strand	Suggested Resources	Suggested Assessment	Suggested Non-Formal Activities to Support
Games	Open places or marked fields ICT devices Netball balls Handball balls Whistle	Oral questions practicals Observation checklist Written tests	Read on Netball and Handball from the internet and other sources Participate in ball games competitions in and out of school
Athletics	Open places or marked fields ICT devices, whistle Long jump runway and landing area, tape measure Javelin Relay batons	Oral questions practicals Observation checklist Written tests	Read on Athletics Watch Athletics championships on television Participate in Athletics competitions
Physical Fitness and Health	Open places Fitness test form Music system Whistle Fitness evaluation tools	Oral questions practicals Portfolio Written tests	Participation in school games and sports teams
Career Opportunities in Sports	Books Newspapers ICT devices Sports Institutions	Oral questions Written tests Portfolio	Attending training sessions of various school teams to talk to various officials in the teams

Community Service Learning Project	Questionnaires Easily available materials in	Oral questions Reports	Campaigns on use of easily available materials to
	the environment Posters		improvise sports equipment
Optional	Hockey- hockey equipment,	Oral questions	Reading on skills in Hockey,
	Open places or marked field,	Written tests	Kabaddi and Swimming
	ICT devices, whistle	practicals	Watching Hockey, Kabaddi and Swimming competitions
	Kabaddi – Open places or marked field, ICT devices,		on Television
	whistle		
	Swimming - Swimming		
	pool, floaters, ICT devices, whistle		