

participation in disease control programmes, risk factors, prevention strategies, basic treatment
Types of epidemics and endemic diseases, types of NCDs, risk factors for NCDs (modifiable
and metabolic), prevention and control of NCDs, impact of NCDs. **Community Diagnosis**
definitions, importance and steps of community diagnosis, health indicators and determinants of
health, organization of services at the community unit. **Community Strategy**; introduction
objectives, roles of household and communities, entry point to community, linkage between
community unit and health facility Monitoring and evaluation activities (Data collecting tools
and reporting tools), Visit to a community unit.

20.5 Teaching Strategies

- Interactive Lectures
- Group discussion
- Hands-on training
- Practicum integrated with other modules
- Practices/exercises

20.6 Teaching /Learning Resources

- Overhead projector
- Flip charts
- White board and white board markers
- Internet connectivity
- Procedure/Teaching Manuals

20.7 Assessment Strategies

There shall be two assessment strategies:

Formative; Continuous Assessment Tests and End of Semester Examination

Summative; Final Qualifying Examination

20.8 References /Further Readings

1. Division of Child Health. (2012). *Child Health Communication Strategy*. Nairobi: Division of Child Health, Ministry of Health.
2. DoMC. (2010). National Malaria Communication Strategy 2010 2013. Nairobi: Division of Malaria Control (DoMC), Ministry of Public Health (MoPHS).
3. Ministry of Health (2006). Taking the Kenya Essential Package for Health to the Community: *A Strategy for the Delivery of Level One services*