**KENYA MEDICAL TRAINING COLLEGE – NYAMIRA**

**END OF YEAR TWO SEMESTER ONE EXAMINATION**

**MARCH 2014 KRCHN CLASS (PRE-SERVICE)**

**COMMUNITY DIAGNOSIS EXAMINATION**

DATE: 30 Nov. 2015 TIME:…………………..

**INSTRUCTIONS**

1. Read the questions carefully and answer only what is asked.
2. Enter your examination number and question number on each page used.
3. ALL questions are compulsory.
4. For part 1 (MCQs), write the answer in the spaces provided on the answer booklet and each MCQ is one (1) mark.
5. For Part 2 (SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS), answer the questions following each other.
6. For Part 3 (LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS), answer to each question MUST start on a separate page.
7. Omission of and or wrong numbering of a question or part of the question will result in 10% deduction of the marks scored from the relevant part.
8. Do NOT use a pencil.
9. Mobile phones are NOT allowed in the examination hall.

For Examiner:

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **MCQS** | **SAQS** | **LAQS 1** | **LAQS 2** | **TOTAL** |
|  |  |  |  |  |

**PART ONE: MCQS (MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS) COMMUNITY DIAGNOSIS–5 MARKS**

Q.1. Which of the following is considered as a community “gate keeper?”

1. School headmaster.
2. Chairman of the men’s group.
3. The local pastor.
4. Sub-county administrator.

Q.2. Closed ended questions:

1. Always give the respondent to give all his views.
2. Limits the respondents ability to give his views.
3. Are the best for their clarity.
4. Are broad and captures most objectives.

Q.3. Community action is important after carrying out community diagnosis:

1. It builds the confidence of the people on the government.
2. It addresses some of the needs / problems identified during the survey.
3. It trains the data collector on data analysis.
4. Is a partnership between community and the surveyor.

Q.4. Sampling of the community before a survey:

1. Refers to putting in place strategies to address the needs/problems in the community.
2. Is identifying a few member of the community for training.
3. Is picking a small or few members / respondents to represent the whole community in a study.
4. Is carrying out a study in a small part of the community to represent the whole community.

Q.5. Mapping an area before community health survey will help the surveyor to:

1. Know the population under focus.
2. Carry out the survey as quickly as possible.
3. Draw a map of the area under focus.
4. Develop adequate data collection tools.

**PART TWO: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS – COMMUNITY STRATEGY – 25 MARKS**

Q.1. State three (3) purposes of community diagnosis. 3 marks

Q.2. Define community diagnosis. 1 mark

Q.3. Explain three (3) factors that are considered when carrying out community

diagnosis. 3 marks

Q.4. List four (4) methods used to collect data during community survey. 2 marks

Q.5. List four (4) indicators of social pathology in community diagnosis. 2 marks

Q.6. State eight (8) steps of community survey. 4 marks

Q.7. State four (4) reasons why community health action may fail. 4 marks

Q.8. Define:

1. Problem.
2. Social anatomy.
3. Need. 6 marks