

KENYA MEDICAL TRAINING COLLEGE FACULTY OF NURSING DEPARTMENT OF NURSING

FINAL QUALIFYING EXAMINATION FOR CERTIFICATE IN COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING

PAPER: COMMUNITY HEALTH

DATE: 19th JANUARY, 2022

TIME: 3 HOURS (9:00AM - 12:00 NOON)

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. This paper consists of:
 - Section 1 (40 Multiple Choice Questions)
 - Section 2 (8 Short Answer Questions)
 - Section 3 (1 Long Answer Question)
- 2. Attempt ALL Questions
- **3.** Write the EXAMINATION **NUMBER** given on all the answer sheets provided and on the question paper.
- 4. Ensure that all examination answer scripts are handed in at the end of the examination
- 5. Ensure you sign the examination register provided

EXAMINATION NUMBER CHUR FEB-22

SCANNED BY DAN 0719591504

KMTC/QP-08/EPS

COMMUNITY HEALTH

SECTION 1: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

(40 MARKS)

- 1. Developmental tasks of a launching centre family include:
 - a) Child socialization
 - b) Cultivating leisure time activities
 - c) Releasing children as young adults
 - d) Open parent-child communication
- 2. A process by which a community is made alert of its problems and the available resources, such as, manpower, money, materials, ideas and time is community;
 - a) Sensitization
 - b) Awareness
 - c) Mobilization
 - d) Participation
- 3. The ability of a person to make and maintain acceptable interactions with other people in a community is:
 - a) Physical health
 - b) Mental health
 - c) Social health
 - d) Emotional health
- 4. Preventive health services offered at a MCH/FP clinic include;
 - a) Exercises, good nutritional practises, personal hygiene,
 - b) Growth monitoring and screening, breast examination
 - c) Diagnosis and treatment of minor ailments and referral
 - d) Immunization, health education, antenatal and postnatal care
- 5. Functions of the division of family health included in the county department of health are:
 - a) Referral and ambulance, health facilities, mental health
 - b) Occupational health, waste management, vector control
 - c) Nutritional services, expanded program of immunization, adolescent health
 - d) Infrastructure and maintenance, procurement, health facility management
- 6. The following Act of the Kenyan laws prescribes food safety;
 - a) Nurses act CAP 257
 - b) Public health Act CAP 242
 - c) Clinical officers act CAP 241
 - d) Medical practitioners act CAP 253
- 7. The role of a community health nurse that involves advising other health care providers on the needs of the community is;
 - a) Planner
 - b) Manager
 - c) Advocator
 - d) Educator
- 8. The following vaccines are administered to infants at ten (10) weeks;
 - a) Measles, BCG, rotavirus vaccine
 - b) Vitamin A, oral polio 2(OPV 2), pneumococcal
 - c) Oral Polio (OPV 2), pneumococcal, pentavalent 2
 - d) Inactivated polio vaccine (IPV), measles, hepatitis B

- 9. The following is used to measure success in health education process;
 - a) Changes in behavior and attitudes.
 - b) The ability to incorporate advance technology
 - c) The willingness of all stakeholders to support the program.
 - d) The attentiveness of the audience during health education.
- 10. A concept of Primary Health Care (PHC) that ensures rural health services are provided by methods that are within the social cultural norms of a community is:
 - a) Accessibility
 - b) Affordability
 - c) Availability
 - d) Acceptability
- 11. The following are additional elements of primary health care (PHC) added by the Kenyan government;
 - a) Education, nutrition, local disease control, malaria control
 - b) Mental health, dental health, community based rehabilitation, malaria control
 - c) Family planning, expanded programme of immunization, essential drug supply, local x disease control
 - d) Community based rehabilitation, safe water supply, nutrition and adequate food supply, mental health
- 12. Resources targeted during Community mobilization include the following;
 - a) Money, land, materials, manpower
 - b) Money, materials, time, manpower.
 - c) Community participation, time, manpower.
 - d) Community participation, money and land.
- 13. Level one health care delivery in Kenya is provided by.
 - a) The family and community members.
 - b) The enrolment community health workers
 - c) Trained public health nurses
 - d) Traditional birth attendants.
- 14. The drug of choice in the treatment of schistosomiasis is;
 - a) Praziquantel 40mg/kg body weight as a single dose
 - b) Metronidazole tabs 400mg tds x5/7
 - c) Amphotericin B 3mg/kg body weight for 10days
 - d) Amoxicillin caps 500mg tds x5/7
- 15. Incubation period is;
 - a) The time of infection and death
 - b) Appearance of clinical symptoms and death
 - c) Time of infection and appearance of antibodies
 - d) The time of infection and appearance of clinical symptoms
- 16. The correct stages in the progression of measles are:
 - a) Prodromal phase, eruptive phase, post-measles phase
 - b) Pre-measles phase, prodromal phase, post-measles phase
 - c) Pre-measles phase, eruptive phase, post-measles phase
 - d) Eruptive phase, pre-measles phase, post-measles phase

- 17. Environmental factors whose effects are commonly expressed as stress, depression, hysteria are;
 - a) Chemical hazards
 - b) Physical hazards
 - c) Psychological hazards
 - d) Biological hazards
- 18. You are a Nurse working with local NGO and you have been assigned to conduct community dialogue in village X. What will be your first action?
 - a) Meet with the local leaders in the village
 - b) Develop and action plan
 - c) Do a transect walk in the village
 - d) Prioritize community needs
- **19.** The following preventive/promotive services are appropriate to Late Childhood (6- 12 yrs) cohort.
 - a) Antenatal care, breastfeeding
 - b) Vaccination, growth monitoring
 - c) Supplementary feeding, de-worming
 - d) Nutritional care, insecticide treated net use
- 20. The fundamental learning process aimed at changing behaviour and attitude with respect to health practices thus involves family individual and community is:
 - a) Health analysis
 - b) Health education
 - c) Health promotion
 - d) Family counseling
- 21. Voluntary action in health education is;
 - a) The process of creating favorable conditions for learning in the community X
 - b) An interactive process aimed at changing behavior specific messages and different communication approaches
 - c) The taking up behavioral measures by a person to achieve an intended health effect with full understanding and acceptance of purposes
 - d) The process of sharing ideas, information, knowledge, and experience among people for behavior change
- 22. Health promotion implies;
 - a) Offering curative services to the community
 - b) Detecting diseases in good time
 - c) Enabling people to increase control over their heath
- d) Averting diseases in specific populations
 23. The correct sequence of activities during community diagnosis is;
 - a) Planning of the survey, exploration, pretesting survey tools, report writing, dissemination and community action
 - b) Exploration, planning of the survey, pretesting survey tools, report writing, dissemination and community actions
 - c) Pretesting survey tools, planning of the survey, exploration, report writing, dissemination and community action
 - d) Exploration, pretesting survey tools, planning of the survey, report writing, dissemination and community action.

- **24.** Which of the following participatory methods would best be used to get information from the opinion leaders in the community?
 - a) Focus group discussion
 - b) Transect walk
 - c) Seasonal calendars x
 - d) Key informant interviews
- 25. A rural health unit under the Ministry of health that is charged with the responsibility of providing services to a particular catchment area is;
 - a) Clinic
 - b) Dispensary
 - c) Health centre
 - d) Sub-county hospital
- 26. The principle of ethical reasoning that allows a home based care client to assume the right to make own decisions about their health is:
 - a) Veracity
 - b) Fidelity
 - c) Autonomy
 - d) Paternalism
- 27. The mode of action for combined oral contraceptive is;
 - a) Ovulation inhibition, thickening of mucus
 - b) Slippery mucus, delayed ovulation
 - c) Slowed motility, enhanced ovulation
 - d) Increased motility in uterine tubes, thickening of endometrium
- 28. The following family planning method involves recording body temperature with observing cervical mucus;
 - a) Fertility awareness method
 - b) Symptom-thermal method
 - c) Lactation amenorrhea method
 - d) Basal Body Temperature method
- 29. A nurse is teaching a client with genital herpes. Education for this client should include an explanation of
 - a) Why the disease is transmittable only when visible lesions are present
 - b) The need for the use of petroleum products.
 - c) Option of disregarding safer-sex practices now that he's already infected.
 - d) The importance of informing his partners of the disease.
- **30.** An appropriate nursing intervention to provide emotional support to a patient with an STD is to;
 - a) Use concerned listening when the patient expresses negative feelings.
 - b) Reassure the patient that the disease is curable with appropriate treatment.
 - c) Offer many alternatives that the patient can use to change sexual relationships.
 - d) Help the patient who is an innocent sexual partner forgive the infecting partner.

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- 31. The ability of a disease causing agent to penetrate, multiply and produce some detectable change (establish itself) in the host is;
 - a) Infectivity
 - b) Stability 1
 - c) Virulence
 - d) Pathogenicity
- 32. A therapeutic intervention applied on mentally ill persons that involves exposing the patient to dreaded or fearful stimuli while preventing avoidant behavior is;
 - a) Flooding
 - b) Desensitization
 - c) Modeling
 - d) Reattribution
- **33.** The abnormal sexual behavior in which a man fantasizes having sex with a woman whom he has been observing undress is
 - a) Exhibitionism
 - b) Voyeurism
 - c) Frotteurism
 - d) Transvestitism
- 34. A mental health nurse who asks a psychiatric patient for their three names, name of the hospital they are in and the month of the year will be assessing for;
 - a) Perception
 - b) Attention
 - c) Abstraction
 - d) Orientation
- 35. A statistical measure in which the numerator is not related to the denominator is:
 - a) Rate
 - b) Ratio
 - c) Proportion
 - d) Percentage
- **36.** The persistent occurrence of a disease at a low to moderate level in a community is known as:
 - a) Pandemic level
 - b) Sporadic level
 - c) Endemic level
 - d) Epidemic level
- 37. A step in community health nursing programs that involves testing whether the expected outcome has been achieved is?
 - a) Planning
 - b) Evaluation
 - c) Assessment
 - d) Implementation
- **38.** Which of the following approaches is likely to be most effective for a school nurse to use in working with families in a respectful and nondiscriminatory manner?
 - a) Being professional and sensitive to factors related to socioeconomic, ethnic, and cultural backgrounds
 - b) Attempting to discover pertinent characteristics of families' backgrounds before meeting with them

- c) Acknowledging obvious differences in background right away and using humor to put families at ease
- d) Remaining friendly and curious while asking specific questions about families' backgrounds and living situations
- 39. Screening in school health services involves;
 - a) Treatment of the sick school children
 - b) Taking note of any unusual signs or symptoms
 - c) Referral of sick pupils for further treatment
 - d) Health examination to determine the pupil's health status
- 40. For this question, indicate whether the given statements are TRUE or FALSE
 - (i) Adequate community involvement is the reason why most projects in the community fails to continue when the donor funding is withdrawn
 - (ii) Sufficient political commitment has demonstrated movement toward attainment of health for all in developing countries

SECTION 2: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (40 MARKS)

- 41. Outline five (5) components of the high priority package according to the Kenya Essential Package of Health (KEPH) (5 marks)
- 42. Outline four (4) characteristics of a healthy community

(4 marks)

- 43. State four (4) ways through which home accidents can be prevented in the family (4 marks)
- 44. Explain three (3) portals of entry of disease causing agents into the human body (6 marks)
- 45. Outline five (5) factors that influence nutrition status of a community (5 marks)
- **46.** Outline five (5) features of avoidant personality disorder

(5 marks)

- 47. Explain three (3) roles of a community health nurse in the prevention of Covid-19 disease (5 marks)
- 48. State five (5) factors than can hinder effective community participation (5 marks)

SECTION 3: LONG ANSWER QUESTION (20 MARKS)

- 49. You have been deployed as a Nurse in a health centre within your sub-County with a principal role of planning and conducting weekly home visits to clients within your catchment area.
 - a) Outline four (4) specific objectives of home visiting that will applicable in ensuring successful weekly home visits (4 marks)
 - b) Describe how you will apply the relevant principles of family health nursing as a guide to the weekly home visits (10 marks)
 - c) Explain three (3) ethics you will adhere to during the visits (6 marks)