

# COLLEGE QUALIFYING NURSING EXAMINATION KENYA REGISTERED COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING.

### PAPER THREE (COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING)

DATE: THURSDAY

20<sup>TH</sup> JUNE 2013

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

9:00am -12:00 Noon

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- ENTER YOUR EXAMINATION NUMBER on the space provided on the examination answer book and on the inside pages of the answer booklet.
- 2. Enter QUESTION NUMBERS on the space provided in the examination answer book.
- 3. Follow all the instructions on the examination answer book.
- 4. Omission of/ and or wrong numbering of a question or part of the question will result in 10% deduction of the marks scored from the relevant part.
- 5. Mobile phones are NOT allowed in the examination hall.

d. Trichomoniasis, venereal warts, syphyllis

	PART	ONE-MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (20 MARKS)	
1	. The pro	ocess by which people especially the disadvantaged influence decisions	
		fect them in a community project is referred to as:	
	ð.	Participation	
	b.	Adaptation	
	с.	Orientation	
	d.	Empowerment	
2.	The foll	owing activities constitute the conceptualization phase of a	
	commu	nity project:-	
	a.	Setting goals and aims ,resource identification	
	b.	Evaluation performance sensitizing beneficiaries	
	C.	Allocation of duties, problem identification	
	d.	Feasibility study, prioritization of needs.	
3.	Herd im	munity in a population is acquired when :	
	a.	Clinical cases of a communicable disease are effectively treated	
	b.	Asymptomatic cases of a communicable disease are traced and treated	
	Sf.	More than 80% population are immunized against a communicable disease	
	d.	Prophylactic treatment is administered to over 80% of the contacts of a	
		communicable disease.	
4.	The inva	sive stage of Entamoeba histolytica which is responsible for tissue	$\bigcirc$
	amoebia	sis is:	
es miles	a.	Cyst	- 1107.0
	b.	Trophozoite	
	C.	Larvae	
	d. I	Egg	
5	The sexu	ally transmitted infections which present with discharge include:	
	a. (	Gonorrhea, chanchroid, herpes simplex	
	b. E	Bacterial vaginosis, urethritis, trichomoniasis	
	. c. (	Condylomata acuminata, syphilis, candidiasis	

#### 6. Compliance in attitude change refers to a person :

- a. Accepting to be influenced by someone else in expectation of a reward
- b. Being able to tolerate other people behavior
- c. Reinforcing positive behaviour
- d. Adopting the behavior of someone else

#### 7. Interpersonal communication implies:

- a. Face to face communication between two or more people
- b. Helping an individual to critically think about a problem before solving it
- c. That an individual shares his feelings with a close friend
- d. Communication between persons working in the same unit of department

#### 8. Motivation can be said to be a combination of forces that:

- a. Eliminate unwanted behavior
- b. Initiate direct and sustain behavior towards a particular goal
- c. Direct behavior
- b. Modifies behavior to a certain goal.

#### 9. The commonest cause of dental abscess is:

- a. Streptococcus aureus
- b. Streptococcus mutans
- e. Staphylococcus aureus
- d. Neisseria mutans

#### 10. Prevalence of a disese is calculated as:

a. New cases during a specified time/total persons x1000

Total number of cases during a specified time/total personsx1000 •

- c. New cases during a specified time/total number of cases x1000
- d. Total number of persons/total number of cases x1000

#### 11. The community's responsibility in initiation of health projects is:

- a. Identification of the need
- b. Funding the project
- c. Providing of technical staff
- d. Collection of data.

- 12. The ultimate goal of community development should be to eradicate poverty and not merely to relieve suffering among the poor. This principle is referred to as:
  - a. Sustainability
  - b. Simplicity
  - c. Relief
  - d. Release
- 13. Community resources are divided into the following main categories:
  - a. Land ,minutes,manpower,materials
  - b. Minutes, money, manpower, materials
    - c. Natural, manmade, acquired, ascribed
  - d. Education, roads, industries, money.
- 14. A survey in which the host agent and environmental factors affecting the occurrence of a communicable disease are studied over period of time is:
  - a. Experimental study
  - b. Therapeutic trial
  - c. Analytical study
    - d. Cohort study
- 15. A child with measles infection develops typical koplik spots during the:
  - a. Eruptive phase
  - b. Prodromal phase
  - c. Post measles stage
  - d. Convalescence phase.
- 16. In bureaucratic management approach:
  - a. Rules and regulations are applied uniformly
  - b. There is a chain of command in direction
  - c. Rules and regulations are applied at times
  - d. Is easy to implement in the organization
- 17. After the last act of sexual intercourse, a diaphragm should be removed after how many hours:
  - a. Two
  - b. Four
  - c. Six

## 18. Emergency contraceptive pill following unprotected sex is usually effective within:

- a. 24 hrs
- b. 72 hrs
- c. 100 hrs
- d. One week

## 19. Incidence rate refers to:

- a. Number of new cases of a disease occurring in the population
- b. Total number of cases of disease present in the population at a specific time
- Number of cases of a disease present at a specified moment of time
- d. Number of cases of a disease that occur during a specified period of time

#### 20. The government regulatory board on control of NGOs is:

- a. The Medical Services Board
- b. Non Governmental Organization Council
- c. Ministry of Cultural and Social Services
- d. Ministry Of Tourism

#### PART TWO- SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (40 MARKS)

3	Communication, Religion related shallowers an equatored while implementing	(6marks)  ra community (4marks)  (6 marks)			
	Topinger contempt to the ment workers	(0,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
5 6	immunization programme.    Continue six (6) provider related challenges encountered while implement immunization programme.    Continue six (6) reasons multidrug- resistant Tuberculosis is on the increase.   Continue six (6) reasons multidrug- resistant Tuberculosis is on the increase.   Continue six (6) reasons multidrug- resistant Tuberculosis is on the increase.   Continue six (6) reasons multidrug- resistant Tuberculosis is on the increase.   Continue six (6) reasons multidrug- resistant Tuberculosis is on the increase.   Continue six (6) reasons multidrug- resistant Tuberculosis is on the increase.   Continue six (6) reasons multidrug- resistant Tuberculosis is on the increase.   Continue six (6) reasons multidrug- resistant Tuberculosis is on the increase.   Continue six (6) reasons multidrug- resistant Tuberculosis is on the increase.   Continue six (6) reasons multidrug- resistant Tuberculosis is on the increase.   Continue six (6) reasons multidrug- resistant Tuberculosis is on the increase.   Continue six (6) reasons multidrug- resistant Tuberculosis is on the increase.   Continue six (6) reasons multidrug- resistant Tuberculosis is on the increase.   Continue six (6) reasons multidrug- resistant Tuberculosis is on the increase.   Continue six (6) reasons multidrug- resistant Tuberculosis is on the increase.   Continue six (6) reasons multidrug- resistant Tuberculosis is on the increase.   Continue six (6) reasons multidrug- resistant Tuberculosis is on the increase.   Continue six (6) reasons multidrug- resistant Tuberculosis is on the increase.   Continue six (6) reasons multidrug- resistant Tuberculosis is on the increase is	beath, cave possider by planning - delaming			
		(2marks)			
7	. State five (5) ways a community health nurse can help achieve the goals	of primary W			
		(5 marks) # 100 (1)			
	meatin care - manufacture and manufacture - manufacture from the manufacture from	d'aric			
. g.	State five (5) factors that may influence decision making in a health centr	e (Smarks)			
	- Departure of a careful	and the same of the same of			
	- dos no conserved	$F_{\mathcal{M}(I_1),I_2}$			
	PART THREE- LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS (40 MARKS)				
· ·	As the community health nurse in-charge of a level three service	delivery and			
E	centre you have admitted three adults to the ward with history of	of tenesmus.			
	Chrosses, 3				
	colicky abdominal pains and passing bloody mucoid diarrhoea:				
		,			
a.	Name the possible micro-organism responsible for the cases	(1mark)			
b.	State two (2)characteristics of the micro-organism	2 marks)			
C.	Explain two (2) community based factors that may influence the occurren	ce-of-the-			
	condition.	imarks)			
d.	Describe your role in managing the cases (1	.1marks)			
	All a Church in Connection	ic with			
~	The beautiful of available primary health care a registered com	o contra			
4.	For the provision of quality primary health care, a registered com	states to A			
	health nurse must be an effective manager.				

c. Describe the managerial functions you would apply to help achieve the goals of primary

a. Define the term principle as used in administration.

b. Explain three (3) theories of management