

58. Carcinoma of the urinary bladder:
- A. Is primarily of squamous cell origin. ~~✓~~ TCC
  - B. Is preferentially treated by radiation. ~~✓~~ resection
  - C. May be treated conservatively by use of intravesical agents even if it invades the bladder muscle. ~~✓~~ Total cystectomy
  - D. May mimic an acute UTI with irritability and hematuria. ✓
  - E. Is preferentially treated by <sup>total</sup> partial cystectomy. ~~✓~~
59. If torsion of the testicle is suspected, surgical exploration:
- A. Can be delayed 24 hours and limited to the affected side. ~~✓~~ immed
  - B. Can be delayed but should include the asymptomatic side. ~~✓~~ immed
  - C. Should be immediate and limited to the affected side. ~~✓~~
  - D. Should be immediate and include the asymptomatic side ✓
  - E. Is never indicated
60. A 22 year old female patient presents five days after laparoscopic appendectomy with fever and a rectal mass. What is the most likely diagnosis?
- A. Ruptured ectopic pregnancy ~~✓~~
  - B. Ischiorectal abscess ✓
  - C. Pelvic abscess ~~✓~~
  - D. Ovarian cyst ~~✓~~
  - E. Uterine fibroid ~~✓~~
61. The following investigations are appropriate prior to surgery
- A. An ECG in all patients older than 30 years ~~✓~~
  - B. Coagulation screen for all patients with obstructive jaundice ✓
  - C. HIV screening for patients with acute appendicitis ~~✓~~
  - D. Chest X-ray for all patients over 40 years ~~✓~~
  - E. Liver function test for patients with acute appendicitis ~~✓~~