

12. Describe role of Community Health Extension Workers (CHEWs) under the Community Health Strategy

- i. *They train the community health workers*
- ii. *Are advisers and counselors*
- iii. *They organize and mobilize community activities*
- iv. *Provide leadership and management*
- v. *Are trained technicians with certain health skills*
- vi. *Are an example or a model of good health behavior*
- vii. *Are persons responsive to new ideas and a channel through which new health information reaches the community*
- viii. *Observe the problems in a community/ respond to them and asses the health progress*
- ix. *Link the community with the health system and help collaborate with the sectors*

SECTION II: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (2 hours)

Answer any eight (8) questions. All questions carry equal marks.

PHC
1

Community Own Resource Persons (CORPS) are essential in the success of *Community Health Strategy*. Briefly discuss two essential contributions of CORPS.

Nut
2

Anthropometry provides one of the most important indicators of children's nutritional status. List five (5) advantages of use of ^{- special t} ~~and invasive~~

→ Encouraging & promoting the use of safe and sanitary & contraceptive is permitted

✓ 45. Write an account on the functions of Public health Technicians in rural health services?

- Health promotion activities
- Counselling
- health education
- skills and knowledge of health assessment and promotion

✓ 46. Indicate 4 main factors that distinguish migration from both fertility and mortality?

✓49. List 7 principles of PHC according to WHO?

- Health promotion through the provision of affordable health services and community health education
- Public participation and involvement in implementation, monitoring and evaluation of the health care system
- Inter-sectoral collaboration and multi sectoral approaches to making health a central point of interest
- Accessible health services through the decentralization of health services
- Appropriate use of technology applicable to time and situations

✓50. Write short notes on the values and limitations of PHC.

storing

11.11.16. Briefly describe the role of an Enrolled community nurse in Kenyas health services?

- ✓ Help with patient follow up and rehabilitation
- ✓ Educating patients and the public about various medical conditions *(e.g. HIV/AIDS, diabetes, etc.)*
- ✓ Provide advice and emotional support to patients family members
- Help control spread of CD. *9 prevent due to DM, HIV*
- Caregiver - provide prenatal care & advice for expectant mothers including info about nutrition & post partum care etc.
- lead evidence based quality practice & policy *As*
- Advocate for community *needs* *e.g. safe H2O & food, safe*
lead to healthier people.

✓ Less labor is used during a sample

11. List the tasks of an Enrolled Community nurse in an Integrated Maternal and child health

clinic

- ✓ Health education
- ✓ Family planning services
- ✓ Triage
- ✓ Child welfare

(Inside & outside clinic)
Promote immunization of children
• Provision of breastmilk & nutritional supp ~~supp~~
• Promote BFHI
• Promote institutional delivery
• Promote institutional and home delivery

22. Underives especially in the single most widespread nutritional disorder in Kenya today. Briefly outline 4 prevention strategies that you would recommend to relevant policy makers

support of feeding

health related services

- Nut rehab & CTC

- Breastfeeding promotion

- weaning practices

- nut education

- smooth weaning practices

PUSH model.

RR

Educational

level end

Essential

Meals FP

Expansion

Nutrition

Treatment

Interventions

1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th

23. Briefly describe and illustrate by means of a sketch diagram the concept of PHLI.

case-control studies.

24. List the 8 elements of PHLI

25. What should the patient education programmes include? Give reasons for each.

a) Name 2 uses of epidemiology

b) Upon what does the predictive value of a test depend?

sensitivity

specificity

1.A(1)

1. Using your health centre experience, demonstrate community participation in health care service delivery. (Please indicate the name of the health centre you have referred to.)

1. contraception behaviour &
2. counselling for behaviour &

51. Write an account on the functions of Public Health Technicians in rural health services

52. Indicate 4 main factors that distinguish migration from mobility and nomadism.

→ FP

- ✓ 47. Briefly list the etiological factors and frequently used control measures of the most common type of nutritional anaemia seen in East Africa.
- ✓ 48. Write an account on psychological hazards in relation to industrialization in Kenya.
- ✓ 49. Discuss implementation process of Health Education aimed at reducing incidence of diarrhoeal diseases in a given division.
- ✓ 50. Adolescent and teenage pregnancies have become a big concern worldwide. Outline some of the ways in which the problem can be tackled.
 - 1. Contraception
 - 2. Counselling for behaviour
- ✓ 51. Write an account on the functions of Public Health Technicians in rural health services.
- ✓ 52. Indicate 4 main factors that distinguish migrants from fertility and infertility.
- ✓ 53. Discuss 3 general (not specific to a particular culture) determinants of fertility.
- ✓ 54. List 10 desirable health practices which health education programs aim to produce among rural population in Kenya.
- ✓ 55. List 7 principles of PHC according to WHO
- ✓ 56. Write short notes on the values and limitations of human breast milk for human nutrition in infancy.
- ✓ 57. Define an Epidemic. Outline steps to control infectious disease "outbreak" in your community.
- ✓ 58. Using malaria as an example, discuss the process and the points at which measures can be taken to control communicable diseases.
- ✓ 59. Up to the late 1970s, Nairobi city was described as the "stinking City in the Sun". Discuss factors of environmental health that contributed to this.
- ✓ 60. Identify and discuss the causes and preventions of Public Health significance.
- ✓ 61. Describe the diagnosis, treatment and management of:
 - a) Silicosis
 - b) Asbestosis
- ✓ 62. You may prove anything by figures.
 - a) Explain the importance of information drugs in a health centre.
 - b) Describe the type of information required in a health centre.

Q7
 A CDC is a disease caused by an agent or its product that enters a reservoir to a host.
 Agent: Reservoir → Exit from reservoir
 Mechanism of transmission: Reservoir → Local vector → Host → Entry into host
 Adult mosquito → Larval stage → Fill in blood

Reg. No.:

55. The following are essential personnel in the Community Health Strategy, except

- (a) Community Health extension workers.
- (b) Voluntary Community Health workers
- (c) Community Health Committee
- (d) Facility based health committee
- (e) Retired/midwives living in community

56. Communicating your health is responsibility of all the following except:

- (a) Fourth year medical students
- (b) Consultants
- (c) Senior nursing officer exclusively
- (d) Public health officer
- (e) All of the above

57. Community health workers can and do all the following except:

- (a) Use persuasive skills to get pregnant women to attend ANC services
- (b) Create confusion at the community level
- (c) Bring those who have defaulted TB treatment back to the clinic
- (d) Increase disease prevention networks
- (e) Cause childhood immunizations schedule to be completed

- in a district. 1. Situational analysis SWOT 4. Implementation & monitoring
2. Prioritize Goal 5. Objective setting 5. Evaluation
3. Options appraisal: assessment of resources, fixing priorities
8. List FOUR barriers to community participation in health care service delivery.
1. Cultural beliefs & Religious 2. Affordability 3. Accessibility e.g. nomads 4. Availability 5. Availability 6. Quality
- As per the community health strategy, discuss briefly the element of food security.
Quality Food safety 1. Availability * locally available & affordable foods
Quantity Coping strategies 2. Accessibility * prevention in D.
9. Community education is one of disease control tools. How would you?
- (a) Prepare 1. Assessing learning needs: needs, style, interest
2. Develop learning objectives
Prepare material: teaching material, effective teaching style
(b) Implement choose best delivery methods: one or one, discussion groups, demo, role play
choose best delivery methods: one or one, discussion groups, demo, role play
(c) Monitor the processes of elimination of Female Genital Mutilation? Document teaching practice.

~~After tracking garbage before and after being processed by each worker~~ - After bleaching nose/coughing

2. Within the context of the community health strategy state the differences between a community health extension worker (CHEW) and a community health worker (CHW):-

- CHEW - selected by govt, subsistence wage, works in a team to ~~Health founders~~
- CHW - selected by the community

~~Q~~ 2. Describe role of Community Health Extension Workers (CHEW) under the Community Health Strategy

alternating with constipation. 2. Detoxify organism
3. Plan & Implementation = content, material engine
4. Evaluate teaching & learning 5. document

Community health workers are important vehicles for disease control. 6. Develop effective teaching & learning

Itemize their specific role in a given location experiencing cholera

- Teach comm - Visit homes to determine health situation
- Outbreak - Recommend ORS - Be available to respond to Ac & advise
- Refer - Maintain registers & keep records of events
- Promote safe cooking & compliance - Report to district on current cholera concerns

- ~~What are the main challenges faced by private health insurance in poor countries like Kenya?~~
- ~~1. High premiums → makes it unaffordable for many → extension easier (medication, hospitalisation) → fund private health~~
- ~~2. Lack of regulation → poor quality of care → lack of accountability → fails to include into HIC (public)~~
- ~~3. List four features of a successful community based health programme~~
- ~~→村裡的人們有更大的參與感和參與度 → sustainability, local ownership → people have a greater~~
 - ~~→ intersectoral collaboration → examination support → appropriate of funds~~
- ~~Using examples, describe the synergistic relationship between malnutrition and infections.~~

- Q9. Name all the classes of fire and state the type of extinguisher according to each class of fire. Name 2 key stakeholders who should be involved in fire safety
- Internal: Fire dept officials, Workplace In-charge, Fire Safety & Emergency committee
External: Local business, and trespassers of that jurisdiction
- (Q) 10. List four features of a successful community based health programme
- i. With examples compare the following demographic concepts
- Population that is born in concerned during a menstrual cycle
- ii. Fecundability and Period fertility (Feeding of parturition)
- iii. Multiple documents

PHC

7. In the community health strategy (CHS), a number of health personnel participate in activities of CHS.
- (a) List 3 categories of these health personnel
 - (b) Describe briefly their roles.
 - (c) How are they compensated for the extra work

→ CHW, CHEW, CHC

16. List the elements of primary health care. (4 marks)

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17. Differentiate between sex and gender. (2 marks)

~~1 paragraph question~~
~~2 questions~~
~~3 questions~~
~~4 questions~~
~~5 questions~~
~~6 questions~~
~~7 questions~~
~~8 questions~~
~~9 questions~~
~~10 questions~~

and differentials in Kenya between 2003 and 2006-07.

State five key functions of a district health management team.

Briefly outline the steps you would take to define the budget of the casualty
cleaning department in a hospital.

Section III: LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS.

DMOH Nursing off duty charge
DHMoH DFFI
D.P.H.N C.O. Nurses