SAMPLE QUESTIONS FOR BACTERIOLOGY MCQ's (MAC 221)

- **Q-1** A diagnosis of diphtheria is confirmed by:
 - A) Microscopic appearance of organisms stained with methylene blue
 - B) Isolation of a typical colony on Tinsdale's agar
 - C) Isolation of typical organisms from materials such as blood, showing invasiveness
 - D) Detection of β phage plagues in cultures o suspicious isolates
 - E) Demonstration of toxin production by a suspicious isolate.
- **Q-2** *Listeria monocytogenes* shows which of the following characteristics?
 - A) It can grow at refrigerator temperatures (4°C)
 - B) It is an extracellular pathogen
 - C) It is catalase-negative
 - D) It is a gram-negative coccus
 - E) It is strictly a human pathogen
- **Q-3** Which one of the following is characteristic of *N.meningitidis* but not *N.gonorrhoeae*?
 - A) Ferments glucose
 - B) Contains a polysaccharide capsule
 - C) Is oxidase-positive
 - D) Most isolates show resistance to penicillin
 - E) No effective vaccines are available
- **Q-4** Which of the following is true of *Haemophilus influenzae*?
 - A) Invasive infections are most commonly associated with encapsulated strains
 - B) Most invasive infections occur in infants during the neonatal period
 - C) Most human infections are acquired from domestic pets
 - D) The organism can be readily cultured on sheep blood agar in an environment of elevated CO₂
 - E) Older adults are rarely at risk for infection with this organism because they typically have a high level of immunity.

- **Q-5** For which of the following organisms is there no known animal reservoir?
 - A) Francisella tularensis
 - B) Pasteurella multocida
 - C) Bordetella pertussis
 - D) Brucella melitensis
 - E) Yersinia pestis
- **Q-6** A distinguishing feature of human mycoplasma species is that they:
 - A) Stain well with Giemsa, but not by Gram stain
 - B) Contain no bacterial pepidoglycan
 - C) Are not immunogenic because they mimic host cell membrane components
 - D) Cannot be cultivated in vitro
 - E) Are dependent on host sources of ATP
- **Q-7** Which one of the following is most characteristic of *Mycoplasma* pneumoniae infection?
 - A) Infection results in a fever of sudden onset accompanied by a productive cough
 - B) Infection most commonly occurs in the upper respiratory tract
 - C) Infection is definitively diagnosed by direct microscopic examination of sputum
 - D) Re-infection is rare and less severe than primary infection
 - E) Infection causes extensive scarring and calcification of affected lung tissue

Q-8 Brucellosis:

- A) Brucella abortus is so named because it causes abortion in sheep and cattle (**True**)
- B) Epididymo-ochitis is a feature of infection in men (True)
- C) Mitral valve endocarditis is the commonest cardiac complication of infection (False)
- D) A 2-week course of tetracycline is adequate treatment in most cases (False)
- E) Is a cause of splenic abscess (**True**)