Principle Of Management

Multiple Choice Questions and Answers

- 1. Which is not a principle of compound fracture treatment?
- a) No tendon repair
- b) Aggressive Antibiotic cover
- c) Wound debridement
- d) Immediate Wound closure

Ans:D

- 2. Medial meniscus is more vulnerable to injury because of?
- a) Its fixity to tibial collateral ligament
- b) its semicircular shape
- c) action of adductor magnus
- d) its attachment to fibrous capsule

Ans:a

3.Injury to the popliteal artery in fracture lower end of femur is often due to?

- a) Distal fragment pressing the artery
- b) Proximal fragment pressing the artery
- c) Tight plaster
- d) Hematoma

- 4.In transverse fracture of the patella, the treatment is
- a) Excision of small fragment
- b) Wire fixation
- c) Plaster cylinder
- d) Patellectomy

Ans:b

- 5.rmonest type of dislocation of the hip is
- a) Anterior
- b) Posterior
- c) Central
- d) Dislocation with fracture of the shaft

Ans:b

- 6. March fracture affects
- a) Neck of 2nd metatarsal c) Neck of 1 st metatarsal
- b) Body of 2nd Metatarsal
- c) Neck of 1 st metatarsal
- d) Fracture of lower end of tibia

Ans:a

- 7. Commonest complication of extracapsular fracture of neck of femur is
- a) Non Union
- b) iscnemic necrosis
- c) Maiunion
- d) aTPuTmonary complications

Ans:

- 8. Drugs causing congenital defects of fetus in pregnancy except
- a) Lithium

- b) Thalidomide
- c) Tetracycline
- d) Sulfonamide

Ans:d

- 9.Blood coagulation profile in pregnancy is
- a) Increase in fibrinogen level of 10-25 %
- b) Decrease in factor X, XI, XII
- c) Decrease in plasminogen activity
- d) Increase in platelet count

Ans:a

- 10.In classical caesarean section more chances of rupture of uterus is in
- a) upper uterine segment
- b) lower uterine segment
- c) utero cervical junction
- d) posterior uterine segment.

11.Only indication for Internal version nowadays i	is
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- a) Brow presentation
- b) Face presentation
- c) Second fetus of twins
- d) Breech

Ans:c

12.Internal fixation is done in all fracture Except

- a) Compound
- b) Multiple
- c) Elderly person

Ans:a

13. Myositis ossificans is commonly seen at the _____ joint

- d) Hip
- a) Knee

b) Elbow c) Shoulder d) Hip Ans:b 14. The most important factor in fracture healing is a) Good alignment b) Organization of blood clot c) Accurate reduction and 100% apposition of fractured fragments d) Immobilization e) Adequate calcium intak Ans:d 15. The most preferred treatment of fracture of neck of femur in a young person is a) Hemiarthroplasty b) Total hip treatment

c) conservative treatment

d) closed reduction & internal fixation

Ans:d

- 16.Lisfranc dislocation is
- a) Tarsometatarsal dislocation
- b) Lunate dislocation
- c) Scaphoid dislocation
- d) Posterior dislocation of elbow

Ans:a

- 17. Position of immobilization in fracture both bones of forearm in an adult male will be
- a) Prone
- b) Mid prone
- c) Supine
- d) 10° Supine

Ans:c

- 18. Carpal bone which fractures commonly
- a) Scaphoid
- b) Lunate
- C) Hamate
- d) Pisiform

- 19. True about clavicular fracture is
- a) Most common at medial 1/3 & 2/3
- b) comminuted fracture common
- c) malunion occurs
- d) usually due to fall on elbow

Ans:c

- 20. Commonest site of fracture scaphoid
- a) Waist
- b) Proximal third
- c) Distal third

d) Tuberculosis
Ans:a
21.Excision of fractured fragment is practised in all fractures except
a) Patella
b) Olecranon
c) head of radius
d) lateral condyle humerus
Ans:b
22.The complication not common in colle's fracture is
a) malunion
b) non union
c) sudeck's atrophy d) stiffness of wrist
Ans:b

23.In 65 year old male with history of fracture neck of femur 6 weeks old, treatment of choice

- a) SP nailing
- b) Mc Murray's osteotomy
- c) hemiarthroplasty
- d) none.

Ans:c

24.In Colles fracture not seen in

- a) Proximal impaction
- b) lateral rotation
- c) dorsal angulation
- d) medial rotation

Ans:d

25.In fracture medial epicondyle of humerus, which of the following can be affected

a) Flexion of fingers

- b) Adduction of fingers
- c) Abduction of fingers
- d) Flexion of thumb

26. Most common cause of pathological fracture in a child is

- a) malignancy
- b) bone cyst
- c) fibrous dysplasia
- d) paget's disease

Ans:b

- 27.A lady presents with a history of fracture radius, which was put on plaster of paris casts for 4 weeks. After that she developed swelling of hands with shiny skin. What is the most likely diagnosis.
- a) Rupture of extensor pollicis longus tendon
- b) Myositis ossificans
- c) Reflex sympathetic dystrophy

d) Malunion.

Ans:c

28.AH are components of Rotator cuff except

- a) Supraspinatus
- b) Infraspinatus
- c) Subscapularis
- d) Teres major

Ans:d

29. Complication of fracture scaphoid is

- a) Injury to radial artery
- b) avascular necrosis of proximal part
- c) avascular necrosis of distal part
- d) injury to radial nerve

Ans:b

30. Which fracture neck of femur has a poor prognosis a) Intra capsular b) Extracapsular c) Both d) None. Ans:a 31. Fracture blisters commonly appear on how many days? a) 1-3 days b) 3-5 days c) 5-7 days d) 5-9 days Ans:b 32. If the greater tuberosity of the humerus is lost, which of the following movements will be affected a) Adduction and flexion b) Abduction and lateral rotation

- c) Medial rotation and adduction
- d) Flexion and medial rotation

Ans:b

- 33. The most common cause of a sprained ankle is injury of
- a) Deltoid ligament
- b) lateral ligament
- c) Inferior tibiofibular ligament
- d) Anterior Talofibular ligament.

Ans:d

34.In the case of 65 year old person with fracture neck offemur the treatment of choice is

- a) close reduction
- b) close reduction with internal fixation
- c) open reduction
- d) replacement of head and neck of the femur with a prosthesis

Ans:d

- 35. Tardy ulnar nerve palsy is seen in:
- a) Cubitus valgus
- b) Dislocation of elbow
- c) Fracture scaphoid
- d) Supracondylar fracture of humerus

Ans:a

36.Common injury to baby is

- a) Fracture humerus
- b) Fracture clavicle
- c) Fracture radius-ulna
- d) Fracture femur

Ans:b

37. Young man with # tibia of left side 2 months ago, is having popliteal cast, Now needs mobilization with single crutch. Which will be the

preferred site?

- a) Left sided crutch
- b) Right sided
- c) Any side
- d) Both sides

Ans:a

38.Bryant's triangle is useful in diagnosis of following except

- a) Supratrochanteric shortening
- b) Infratrochanteric shortening
- c) anterior dislocation hip
- d) posterior dislocation hip

Ans:b

39. Line joining Ant Sup. iliac spine to tip of gluteal tuberosity, should normally touch the Greater trochanter, this is

- a) Shoemakers line
- b) Nelaton's line

- c) Von-rossen d) Perkins
- Ans:b
- 40. Which of the following is least common in supracondylar fracture
- a) Non union
- b) Median nerVe injury
- c) volkmanns ischemic contracture
- d) cubitus varus

- 41. Earliest symptom of Volkmann's ischemia is
- a) Pain in flexor muscles
- b) Absence of pulse
- c) Pain on passive extension
- d) Cyanosis of limb

Ans:a

- 42.A patient develops compartment syndrome (swelling, pain and numbness) following manipulation and plaster for fracture of both bones of leg. What is the best treatment?
- a)Split the plaster
- b)Infusion of law molecular weight dextran
- c)Elevate the leg after splitting the plaster
- d)Do operative decompression of fascial compartment

Ans:d

- 43. Anterior dislocation of shoulder causes all except
- a) Circumflex artery injury
- b) Avascular necrosis head of humerus
- c) Brachial plexus injury
- d) Chip fracture scapula

Ans:c

- 44.In Colles# following is most common complication
- a) Non union

- b) Malunion
- c) Sudeck's dystrophy
- d) Volkmann's ischemic contracture

Ans:b

- 45. Patient with supracondylar fracture following reduction presented with claw hand. The likely diagnosis is
- a) Volkmann's ischaemic contracture
- b) median nerve injury
- c) Ulnar nerve injury
- d) Dupuytrens contracture

Ans:a

46.Pivot test for

- a) anterior cruciate ligament
- b) posterior cruciate ligament
- c) medial meniscus injury
- d) lateral meniscus injury

- 47. Triangular relation of Elbow is maintained in
- a) Fracture ulna
- b) Anterior dislocation of Elbow
- c) Posterior dislocation of Elbow
- d) Supracondylar fracture

Ans:d

- 48.Fracture which most often requires open reduction & internal fixation
- a) Lateral condyle of humerus
- b) Femoral condyle
- c) Distal tibial epiphyseal separation
- d) Fracture both bones forearm

Ans:a

49. A patient had injury to the upper limb 3 yrs earlier, now he presents

with paresthesia over the medial border of the hand and anaesthesia over medial two finger. The injuryis likely to have been

- a) supracondylar fracture
- b) lateral condyle fracture humerus
- c) medial condyle fracture humerus
- b) lateral condyle fracture humerus

Ans:b

50. Commonest type of lesion causing recurrent shoulder dislocation is

- a) Shallow glenoid labrum
- b) Bankarts lesion
- c) Weakness of subscapularis muscie
- d) Injury to humeral head

Ans:b

51. Menisci calcification is a feature of

- a) Gout
- b) Hyperparathyroidism

- c) pseudogout
- d) ankylosing spondylosis

Ans:c

52.A young adult presenting with oblique, displaced fracture olecranon treatment of choice

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- b) Percutaneous wiring
- c) Tension band wiring
- d) Removal of displaced piece with triceps repair

Ans:c

53. Volkmann's ischemic contracture mostly involves

- a) Flexor digitorum superficialis
- b) Pronator teres
- c) Flexor digitorum profundus
- d) Flexor carpi radialis longus

Ans:c

54. Avascular necrosis is commonest in one of the following fractures

a) Gorden 1 & 2 fracture of femoral neck

- b) Gorden 3 & 4 fracture of femoral neck
- c) Sub-trochanteric fracture of femoral neck
- d) Baso-trochanteric fracture

Ans:b

55.On measurement, the base of Bryant's triangle on the left side is found to be short by 2 cms as compared to the right side. This indicates

- a) Fracture of the neck of the femur
- b) Fracture of the shaft of the femure
- c) Osteoarthritis of hip joint
- d) Rheumatoid arthritis of the hip joint

Ans:a

56.All the following requires open reduction & internal fixation almost always except

- a) Lateral condyle of humerus
- b) Olecranon
- c) Patella

d) Volar Barton's fracture

Ans:d

57. Pathognomic sign of traumatic fracture

- a) Swelling
- b) Tenderness
- c) Redness
- d) Crepitus

Ans:d

58. A football player, while playing, twists his knees over the ankle. He still continues to play.

- a) Medial meniscus tear
- b) Anterior cruciate ligament tear
- c) Medial collateral ligament injury
- d) Posterior cruciate ligament injury.

Ans:a

59.K-wire is used in

- a) Circlage
- b) fixing forearm bones
- c) prior to plating
- d) All of the above.

Ans:d

60.Treatment of Acute myositis Ossificans is

- a) Active mobilization
- b) Passive mobilization
- c) Infra Red therapy
- d) Immobilization

Ans:d

61. The treatment of choice for non-union of extracapsular fracture neck femur

a) Hip spica

- b) Intramedullary nailing
- c) Internal fixation
- d) Compression plating

Ans:c

- 62. Duga's test is helpful in
- a) Dislocation of hip
- b) Scaphoid fracture
- c) Fracture neck of femur
- d) Anterior dislocation of shoulder

Ans:d

- 63. Open reduction in children is done for
- a) Supracondylar fracture
- b) forearm both bone fracture
- c) femoral condyle fracture
- d) lateral condyle of humerus fracture

Ans:d

64. Avascular necrosis of the head of femur is not seen in

- a) Subcapital Fracture
- b) Intertrochanteric fracture
- c) Transcervical fracture
- d) Central dislocation of hip

Ans:b

65. Stiffness in knee is maximum when traction is at

- a) Skin
- b) lower end femur
- c) upper end tibia
- d) calcaneum

Ans:b

66. Intramedullary fixation is ideal in a case of fracture of shaft of femur when there is

- a) A transverse fracture
- b) A compound fracture
- c) Soft tissue interposition between the fractured ends
- d) Such a fracture in a child

- 67. Meyer's operation is done for
- a) Recurrent dislocation of patella
- b) Dislocation of shoulder joint
- c) Dislocation of hip joint
- d) Scaphoid

Ans:b

- 68.Treatment of choice for old non-united fracture of shaft of femur
- a) compression plating
- b) bone grafting
- c) nailing
- d) compression plating with bone grafting.

Ans:d

69. The last step in the healing of a fracture is

- a) Hematoma formation
- b) Consolidation
- c) Remodelling
- d) Callus formation
- e) Demineralization of bones.

Ans:c

70.A Bennet's fracture is difficult to maintain in reduced position because of the pull of

- a) Extensor pollicis longus
- b) Extensor pollicis brevis
- c) Abductor pollicis longus
- d) Abductor pollicis brevis

Ans:d

71.Inter trochanteric fracture has trendelenberg sign negative because of the action of

- a) Gluteus medius
- b) Gluteus minimus
- c) G.maximus
- d) Tensor fascia lata

Ans:a

72.A segmental compound fracture tibia with 1cm skin wound is classified as

- a) Type I
- b) Type II
- c) Type ILIA
- d) TypellIB

Ans:a

- 73. Steinman pin is used for all except
- a) fracture of upper end of tibia
- b) fracture through lower end of tibia
- c) fracture through lower end of femur
- d) skull traction

Ans:d

74.Treatment after removal of plaster for supracondylar fracture of humerus is

- a) active mobilization at elbow joint
- b) massage
- c) no treatment
- d) passive movements at elbow

Ans:a

- 75. Lateral condyle can cause
- a) Genu valgum
- b) Genu varus

- c) Genu recarvatum
- d) Dislocation of ankle

- 76. Muscles involved in Volkmann's ischemic contracture
- a) Flexor pollicis longus
- b) Flexor profundus
- c) Flexor sublimis
- d) All

Ans:d

- 77. Medial meniscus tear is more common than lateral meniscus because of its decreased
- a) Nerve supply
- b) Vascularity
- c) Mobility
- d) Fibroelasticity

Ans:c

78. Volkmann's ischaemic contracture is due to

- a) Arterial injury
- b) Venous injury
- c) Nerve injury
- d) Increase of compartment pressure in the limb

Ans:d

79. Attitude of the limb in anterior dislocation of hip

- a) Flexion, abduction, external rotation
- b) Flexion, adduction, external rotation
- c) Flexion, Abduction, internal rotation
- d) Flexion, adduction, internal rotation

Ans:a

80. Treatment of fracture clavicle in an infant is best treated by

a) Cuff and sling

- b) Figure of 8 bandage
- c) Open reduction
- d) Shoulder cast

Ans:b

- 81. Dislocation of hip joint palpable on per rectal examination
- a) Cogenital dislocation of hip
- b) Posterior dislocation of hip
- c) Fracture neck of femur
- d) Anterior dislocation of hip

Ans:a

- 82. Fractures common in elderly women are all except
- a) Clavicular
- b) Colles
- c) Intertrochanteric
- d) neck of femur

Ans:c

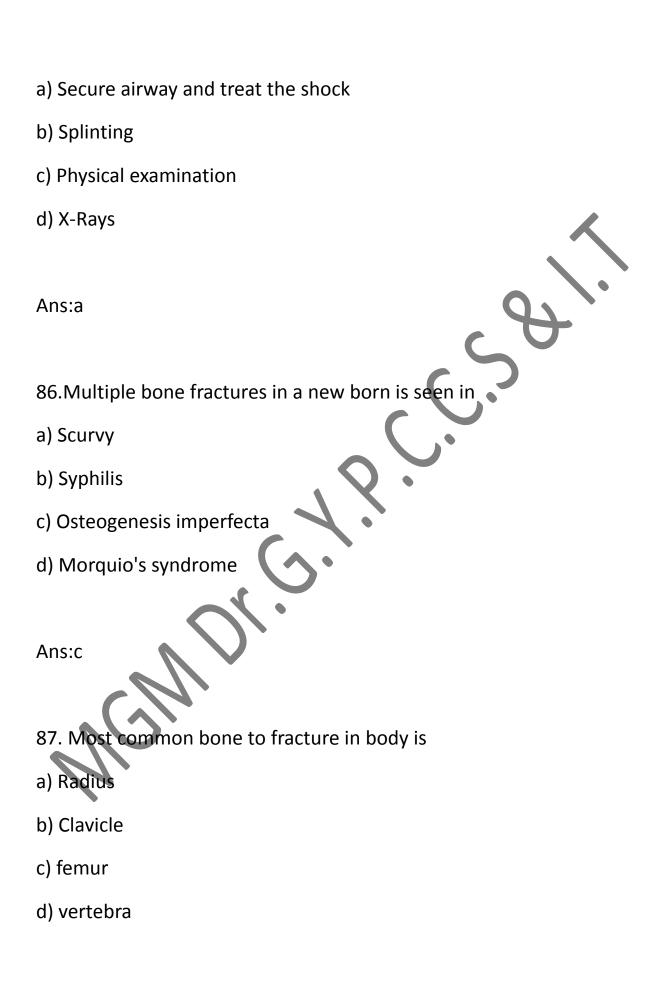
- 83. Late complication of Acetabular fracture
- a) Avascular necrosis of head of femur
- b) Avascular necrosis of iliac crest
- c) Fixed deformity of the hip joint
- d) secondary osteoarthritis of hip joint

Ans:a

- 84. Treatment of anterior dislocation of shoulder is by
- a) Kocher's manoeuvre
- b) Dennis browne splint
- c) Barlows manoeuvre
- d) Surgery

Ans:a

85. Patient comes with fracture of femur in an acute accident, the first thing to do is



e) Pelvis

Ans:b

88.Cock up splint is used in management of

- a) Ulnar nerve palsy
- b) brachial plexus palsy
- c) radial nerve palsy
- d) combined ulnar & median nerve palsy

Ans:c

89. The type of displacement of fractured fragment in which bone is not remodelled

- a) Anterior angulation
- b) Posterior angulation
- c) Lateral angulation
- d) Rotation

Ans:b

90.Carrying angle is decreased in
a) Cubitus varus
b) Cubitus valgus
c) Genu valgum
d) Genu varum
Ans:a
91. Transverse fracture of medial malleolus is caused by
a) Abduction
b) Adduction
c) Rotation of foot
Ans:a
92.Bennet's fracture is fracture dislocation of base of matacarpal
a) 4th
b) 3rd
c) 2nd
d) 1st

Ans:d

- 93. Most common type of supracondylar fracture is
- a) extension type
- b) flexion type
- c) abduction type

Ans:a

- 94.Intramedullary nailing is contraindicated in fracture shaft femur if
- a) The fracture is compound
- b) The fracture is near the knee joint
- c) The epiphysis have not fused
- d) Any of the above is present
- e) None of the above is present

Ans:d

95.A man was diagnosed to have myositis ossificans progressiva at the age of 20 yrs.

He died 5 yrs later. What is the most probable cause of death?

- a) Starvation and chest infection
- b) Myocarditis
- c) Hypercalcemia
- d) Hyperphosphatemia

Ans:a

- 96. The commonest elbow injury in children is
- a) Extension type of supracondylar fracture of humerus
- b) Di slocation of elbow
- c) Fracture lateral condyle of humerus
- d) Fracture medial epicondyle of humerus

Ans:a

- 97. Ideal treatment with fracture neck of humerus in a lady will be
- a) Triangular sling

- b) Hemiarthroplasty
- c) Chest arm bandage
- d) Internal fixation

- 98. In Intertrochanteric #has most common complication of
- a) Non union
- b) Malunion
- c) Avascular necrosis
- d) Nerve Injury

Ans:b

- 99. Luxatio erecta
- a) tear of the glenoidal labrum
- b) inferior dislocation of shoulder
- c) anterior dislocation of shoulder
- d) defect in the humeral head

100. McMurray's osteotomy operation is based on the following principle

- a) Mechanical
- b) Biological
- c) Bio-mechanical
- d) None

Ans:c